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Shatin ... dep.	7.03	9.38	10.50	12.21	1.39	4.55	5.50	7.32
Tai-po ... dep.	7.17	9.52	11.03	12.34	1.52	5.08	6.03	7.45
Tai-po Market ... dep.	7.22	9.57	11.08	12.38	1.56	5.13	6.07	7.49
Fauling ... dep.	7.33	10.08	11.19	12.48	2.06	5.23	6.17	7.59
Sheung Shui ... dep.	7.38	10.13	11.23	12.53	2.10	5.27	6.21	8.03
Shum Chun ... arr.	7.44	10.19	11.29	12.58	2.16	5.33	6.27	8.09

	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Shum Chun ... dep.	7.22	8.08	10.37	11.40	2.58	4.36	5.12	6.05
Sheung Shui ... dep.	7.29	8.13	10.44	11.47	3.05	4.44	5.19	6.12
Fauling ... dep.	7.33	8.18	10.48	11.51	3.10	4.49	5.23	6.17
Tai-po Market ... dep.	7.43	8.29	10.58	12.02	3.21	5.01	5.33	6.27
Tai-po ... dep.	7.47	8.34	11.03	12.07	3.27	5.07	5.37	6.31
Shatin ... dep.	8.00	8.47	11.16	12.21	3.40	5.23	5.50	6.44
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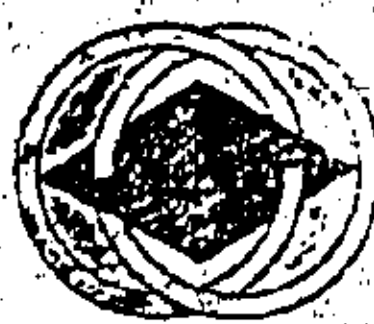
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SCOTTISH LETTER.

THE HIGHLAND HILLS.

"WHITE COAL" OF THE FUTURE.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

EDINBURGH, May 21st.

Poets and artists have long found in the Scottish Highlands the elements of the sublime and the lovely. But the idea that they are, from the utilitarian point of view, more or less useless still generally prevails. The Highlands are, in the main, left to the mist and the mountain torrent, the deer and the wild fowl; there are huge areas of them as remote from human interest and as unaffected by modern enterprise as the unbroken solitudes of British Columbia. The Access to Mountains Bill which has just been read a first time in the House of Commons, is pathetic evidence that the playground idea is going to be very difficult to dispel. It is really a very old Bill, which Governments have chattered over in many sessions without the slightest effect upon the fact that there are three million acres of Scotland and a myriad of hills from which the public is rigidly excluded. Out of 513 Scottish mountain peaks attaining the height of 3,000 feet above the sea, nearly 500 are inaccessible to the public. It should be said that if the Bill were submitted to a plebiscite of the Scottish people it would be carried by a huge majority. This Bill, however, if it becomes an Act of Parliament, will do no more than slightly increase the number of visitors—climbers, botanists, and geologists—to territory no less than ever remaining a sanctuary of grouse and deer. The typical vision of the Highlands as a sort of Switzerland, attracting thousands of tourists annually to magnificent new hotels, need not be paid much attention to; such an anticipation will seem absurd to anyone who knows the difference between the climates of Switzerland and Scotland. Far more important to the Highlands and to Scotland generally than the liberty of a few people to roam at will over heather are the indications we have now of a really serious intention to release those mighty powers confined and going to waste in mountain loch and stream and apply them to commercial purposes. The waters of the Spean, Ben Nevis, Loch Laggan, and Loch Treig are very soon, we hope, to make a living for thousands of householders in Lochaber. And no quibbling or procrastination should be allowed to impede the promoters of the Grampian Company's electrification scheme in a project which, by impounding the waters of Loch Eicht, Loch Rannoch, and other natural mountain reservoirs, may provide light and power for twenty-two burghs, and of them far remote from those solitary lochs. The wealth of the Highlands—practically still untapped—is in their "white coal"—in the water that up till now has contributed gratuitously to the poet's moods of an occasional pedagogue or the pleasure of a fair, privileged angler.

A MINER AS KING'S REPRESENTATIVE.

The advent of a Labour Government has been responsible for many surprising changes in the personnel of important departments, but none of these changes marks more dramatically the process of evolution than the appointment of a miner, in the person of Mr. James Brown, to be the Lord High Commissioner to the Church of Scotland General Assembly. We are growing accustomed to working people filling positions of importance, but this is the first time in history that a working man has been the King's accredited representative in the General Assembly. The last commoner—and by no means a commoner in the same sense as Mr. Brown—to act as Lord High Commissioner, was Sir John Hope, a Lothian landowner. That was over 25 years ago. The Lord High Commissioner acts at the General Assembly as the King's representative. In his Commission he is referred to as our "right worthy, trusted cousin." He represents the Royal Person, and stands as the visible token of the connection of Church and State.

It is peculiarly appropriate that this Ayrshire miner should be the first modern commoner chosen for the high position. He has been a church worker since his youth, and has filled every position the church offers a layman—Sunday School teacher, Bible Class teacher, Superintendent, ruling elder, representative in the Presbytery and in the Assembly. Mr. Brown still resides in the miner's cottage for over 30 years. It is this native district, and there he has lived his life, and gained the respect which makes the name of "Jamie Brown" honoured throughout the country. He has filled every position the Miners' Trade Union had to give him and has been thrice elected to Parliament. In all these positions he has remained the same, open, honest, sensible, respected and trustworthy man; and it is safe to say that his new exalted position will not spoil him. Among his colleagues in the House of Commons he is held in the highest esteem.

STATE OPENING OF THE ASSEMBLY.

Scenes of extraordinary enthusiasm were witnessed in Edinburgh as Mr. James Brown drove from Holyrood Palace, first to St. Giles Cathedral and afterwards to open the Assembly. The crowds which lined the streets were of unusual dimensions, and as the carriage in which the Royal Commissioner rode passed on its way the spontaneous and cordial cheering of the citizens was an unequivocal tribute to the personality of Mr. Brown and an unmistakable indication of the stirring of democratic sentiment. There was a novelty and piquancy in the situation that moved natural curiosity, but a finer feeling was evoked. An emotion of kindly and friendly sympathy, not unmingled with national pride and satisfaction, may be said to have accompanied His Grace in the passage from the Palace to the Castle Hill.

PRESENT DAY EUROPE.

The Right Rev. Principal Cairns, Moderator of the U.F. Church, has arrived home in Aberdeen from an extensive tour on the Continent, as a member of a Committee appointed to investigate the position of Protestantism in other European countries. The two most pronounced tendencies on the Continent, at present, Principal Cairns says, are a trend towards the Church of Rome on the one hand and, as in Russia, towards blatant materialism on the other. A common saying on the Continent, he tells his Scottish friends, is that from a political point of view Britain won the war, from a military point of view France, from an economic point of view the United States, and from a religious point of view the Church of Rome.

MRS. BESANT IN SCOTLAND.

The announcement that Mrs. Besant is to make a lecture tour in Scotland at an early date recalls to the older generation some of the angry passions aroused in certain circles by that lady's first visit to Scotland about forty years ago. She was in those days a co-worker of the late Mr. Charles Bradlaugh, and in several towns she found it almost impossible to obtain a hall for her meetings. Her Glasgow friends, I think, had rooms of their own; but in Aberdeen every door seemed to be closed against her, and it was only at the eleventh hour, that accommodation was found in a poky little room somewhere in Market Street. Since then Mrs. Besant has visited Scotland on several occasions, both in her Socialist days and after the mantle of the late Madame Blavatsky had fallen on her shoulders, but by that time most of the old feelings against her had vanished.

SCOTS QUOTATIONS.

English observers in the House of Commons have been discussing the change in fashion in the Scottish authors whom the men from the North delight to quote. Once, it was Carlyle, the favourite, you will remember, of Mr. Bonar Law. Now Burns almost exclusively holds the field, his democratic sentiments appealing irresistibly to the Labour group. Robert Louis Stevenson also has recently been quoted by Scots on both sides of the House. One of the most effective quotations ever made in Parliament was by Lord Derby, ex-Prime Minister, in his last speech in the House of Lords. He applied to Mr. Gladstone and his colleagues in relation to their treatment of the clergy of the Church of Ireland the "pathetic address of Meg Merrilies to the Laird of Ellangowan in 'Guy Rannoch'."

PERSONALIA.

The Maharajah of Nawangar—once known as "Ranjit"—is this year an early summer visitor to the Highlands. He is in Ross-shire, where he has rented Grunards for a short term. He is afterwards going to Dorroch, where he has taken rooms at an hotel.

American lecture agents have recently been pestering Sir James Barrie to go to the States. Needless to say, the famous Scot, noted for his shyness, will not be tempted across the Atlantic on such business by the greatest fortune in the world. And I fancy he would commiserate the biggest price of any living British writer.

EN PASSANT.

When the Russians thought they were going to find an easy thing in the new British Labour Government, they forgot that the Premier is a Scotsman.—*Detroit Free Press.*

A large motor car stopped before an hotel in the Rob Roy country last week, and its Yankee occupants, striding up to a laird's son who stood at the door in Highland dress, inquired in all good faith, "Sye, are you the adyt for this ha'ouse?"

Dollar Academy must surely be able to supply its pupils with the secret of perpetual youth. At the school sports one of the competitors in a half-mile race was watched from the ropes by his small son seated in a perambulator. An excellent example for the child!

The Scots flier has been held up at Calcutta because water made its way into his petrol supply—the dilution of spirit below proof being unpopular with any Scot even so far away from home.

One of my colleagues who was touring Ulster the other day with a party of British journalists retains as an interesting souvenir of the trip a cutting from a Belfast newspaper, which records their visit to a distillery, "where the party partook of the finished product." The cutting continues—"Reluctantly the visitors left and proceeded to Portrush, where 'the plus-four men unfortunately fouled their drives!'"

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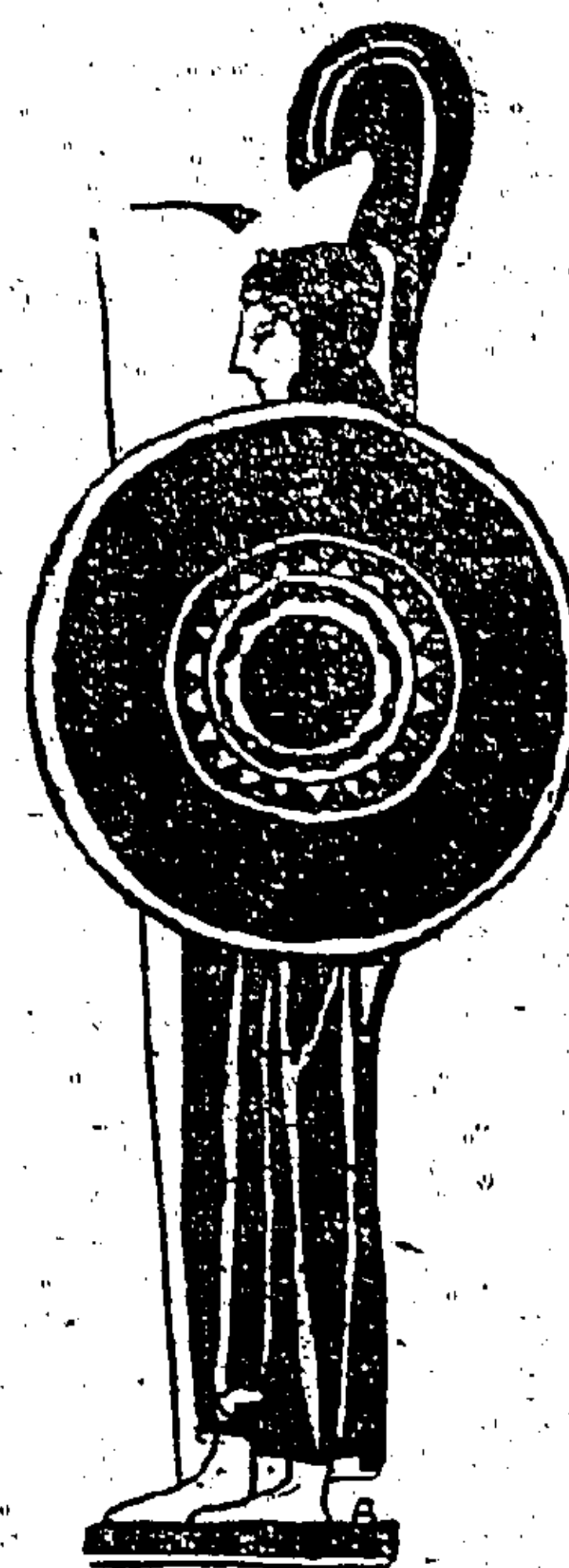
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STAGNATION.

Never in the history of the China tea trade have conditions been so deplorable for the foreign tea houses as in the last few years, states the *Central China Post*. The reason is not far to seek. Since the Shanghai foreign tea houses do not consider it necessary to send their representatives to the only and proper place to buy tea, viz., Hankow, three to four big Chinese tea hongs, which up to a few years ago did only broker business, have become merchants as well. They buy tea over, send them to Shanghai, demand several taels profit and thus make the market.

Samples of all teas arriving in Hankow are sent to all Shanghai tea houses, and as soon as offers are telegraphed to Hankow, the Chinese tea hongs, knowing the intentions of the Shanghai houses, operate on their own account, and Shanghai is left in the lurch. This year's 1924-5 crop has suffered terribly from the heavy April-May rains, and comparatively small quantities of useful teas are to be found. As soon as Shanghai offers arrive the aforesaid three or four big tea hongs buy them over and the foreign tea houses have to pay a premium to be able to get them.

Everything points to the necessity of having only one market for black teas in China and that can only be Hankow, even the Kiangsi teas ought to be brought to Hankow, as it used to be done for over at least 60 years. As long as this state of affairs lasts the once famous tea trade is doomed.

AUSTRALIA AND EASTERN
TRADE.MARKETING SCHEME: A NEW COM-
PANY WITH CAPITAL OF

£1,000,000.

The formation is announced by the *Sydney Herald* of a company known as Eastern Traders, Ltd., a project which might prove to act in some measure as a counter-effect to the rejection by the British Government of the Economic Conference decisions. The company, which was primarily floated to exploit timber areas in the East Indies, has extended its objects to comprise a very wide co-operative selling organization of the primary and secondary industries of Australia for the purpose of marketing Australian goods on sound economic principles throughout the East.

Eastern Traders, Ltd., has a nominal capital of £1,000,000, of which it is intended to hold £500,000 in reserve. The company intends to control its own shipping, with Surabaya, Batavia, Singapore, Hongkong, and Shanghai, as the principal distributing ports in the East.

Timber is greatly required in Australia to-day, particularly softwoods. From the selling of the timber it is intended to pay cash for the goods taken from Australia, and similarly cash will be paid for the goods obtained in the East. This would eliminate, to a large extent, the exchange problem; the investor would get cash instead of a credit note for goods, cheap freight rates, the use of a great marketing organization, and participation in the profits derived from timber. The public has not yet been invited to subscribe to the capital of the company, but the intentions of the directors at present are to concentrate on the organization of the primary and secondary industries which might be concerned. In Victoria, Australian Manufacturers, Ltd., which for some years has carried on an increasing trade with the East, has been taken over by Eastern Traders, Ltd., and the concern is also interested in over 40 manufacturing industries in that State, including the Western District Butter Co. The work is now being pushed ahead in New South Wales. The company intends that when the organization gets going, it will have a vessel in Australian waters once every fortnight.

The directorate of Eastern Traders, Ltd., includes Messrs. J. Timms, railway contractor, Adelaide; F. H. Stacey, timber contractor, Adelaide; A. H. Poole, senior shipbuilder, Sydney; W. F. Hunter, accountant, Adelaide; A. H. Wainwright, manufacturer, Melbourne; J. H. Prosser, M.P. (Western Australian Farmers' Ltd.), Perth; and Major Marr, M.P.

HONGKONG SHARE MARKET
CLOSING QUOTATIONS

JUNE 24TH, 1924.

Hongkong and Shanghai	\$1,145 b.
Banks	\$229 a.
Union Insurance	\$260 b.
Hongkong Fire Insurance	\$265 b.
Douglas Steamships	\$77 s.
P.K. & M. Steamboats	\$24 b.
"Star" Ferries	\$87 nominal
China Sugars	\$27 b.
Langkate (Combined)	Ts. 19 ss.
Kowloon Wharves	\$162 b.
Wharves Docks	\$143 b.
Shanghai Docks	Ts. 92 b.
Hongkong Wharves	Ts. 130 b.
New Engineering	Ts. 81.
Hongkong Land	\$1103 b.
Hongkong Hotels	\$18 (old) \$14 (new) b.
Humphreys Estates	\$221 b.
Cements	\$201 (old) \$215 (new) b.
Hongkong Gas	\$26 (old) \$27 (new) nominal
China Provident	\$123 (old) \$124 (new) b.
Dairy Farms	\$25 b.
Watsons	\$281 a.
Hongkong Electric	\$344 b.
China Light	\$144 (old) \$9 (new) b.
Hongkong Tram	\$23 b.
Peak Tramways	\$181 (old) \$140 b.
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b.—buyers; a.—sellers; ss.—sales.

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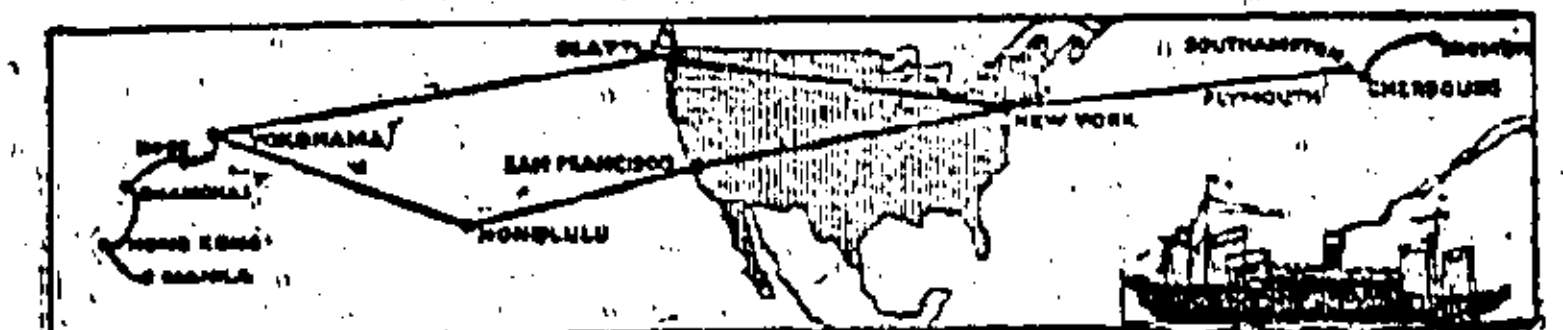
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The combustion chamber is completely surrounded by water and an alloy piston noted for its great heat radiating qualities is used so neither the combustion chamber nor the head of the piston gets hot enough to bake the residue from the exploded gases to form carbon while there is still enough heat maintained to handle the explosive mixture effectively.

3.—It is the only type of motor that improves with use.

While carbon can not form in the combustion chamber, still a certain amount of the residue from the burnt gases works up behind the wide sealing ring in the cylinder head and, as this building in process obtains, it keeps pushing this sealing ring more tightly against the inner sleeve until it completely seals the compression chamber developing more power with every mile the motor is driven.

4.—It is the only type of motor that wears in while other wears out.

All parts in the Willys-Knight car are assembled with wide clearance between each other and oil is forced into these clearances under heavy pressure so that the entire assembly is lapping or wearing in on these heavy films of oil instead of wearing out. In other words, every bearing in this motor is an oil bearing instead of a metal to metal bearing which is necessary in the construction of a poppet valve motor in order to keep it quiet with subsequent quick wear and noise.

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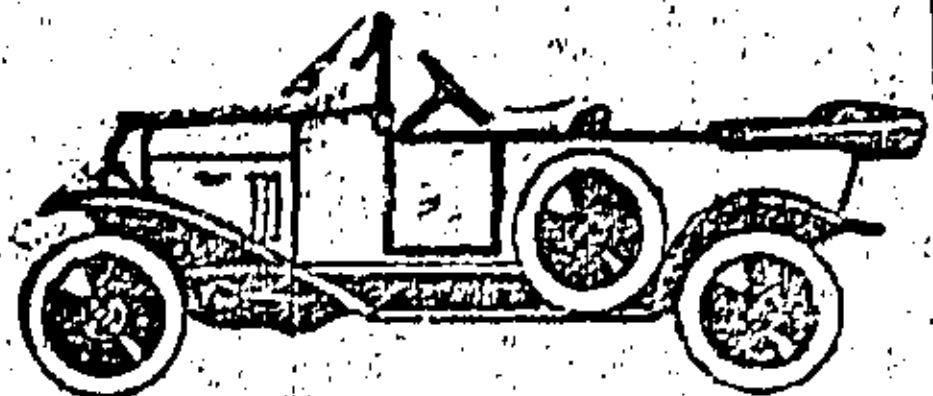
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WHITEAWAY'S.

BROOK MATRIMONIAL DIS-
PUTE AT SHANGHAI.RESPONDENT'S CASE NOT PROVED.
RESTITUTION OF CONJUGAL RIGHTS
TO THE WIFE.

The matrimonial action of Brook v. Brook, which was a petition by the wife for restitution of conjugal rights, was the subject of an interesting judgment given on June 17th in the Supreme Court by his Honour Judge Sir Skinner Turner. Respondent alleged displays of violent temper and a confession of misconduct by his wife as grounds for refusing to live with her, but his Lordship found the first grounds inadequate and the second not proved, and granted the petitioner's prayer.

Mr. M. Reader Harris appeared for petitioner and Mr. R. G. MacDonald for respondent.

His Lordship said: This is a claim by a wife for a decree of restitution of conjugal rights. The husband claims that he had reasonable cause for leaving her. It is clear that the burden of proof in such a case is on him, and I am not at all satisfied that I was right in calling upon the petitioner to begin. At all events, the cases of Smith v. Smith (1890, p. 65) and Greene v. Greene (1916, p. 188) seem to show that it was for the respondent to begin.

The respondent claims that he had reasonable cause for leaving his wife in that (1) she was possessed of a violent temper, (2) she had committed acts of violence towards him, had locked him out of the house, had abused him and accused him of immorality, and (3) she had confessed to acts of adultery in Tsingtao in 1922. All this the petitioner denies, and there is no evidence before me save that of the parties: oath against oath: and such additional matter as is contained in the correspondence, which really only shows that in 1923 the respondent had determined not to cohabit with his wife any longer. It really would be enough to say in this case that the respondent, upon whom the whole burden of proof lies, has failed to make out his case and therefore the decree must go. But I am not satisfied to do this: I want to ascertain the basis and the principles on which a decree of this nature ought to be granted or refused. The law is that up to 1884—Matrimonial Causes Act—47 and 43 Vict. Cap. 68, a respondent could only resist a petition of this nature by proof of a matrimonial offence on the part of the petitioner, i.e., something for which a decree of divorce or judicial separation could be granted. But that Act as interpreted by the Courts in Russell v. Russell (1885, p. 315) and Oldroyd v. Oldroyd (1896, p. 175), gave the Court some sort of discretion to refuse a decree for matters which do not amount to matrimonial offences. I have to ascertain what that discretion is and how it is to be exercised.

MUTUAL DUTY.

I start with the fundamental position that husband and wife are under a duty to each other to cohabit. Unless there has been a separation, judicial or by a valid agreement, the parties are not entitled to refuse to cohabit in the absence of any matrimonial or quasi-matrimonial offence, or even where such an offence has been committed and afterwards condoned. And the law has now given a discretion to the Court to refuse a decree of restitution: but that discretion is not to be generally or lightly used, but it is to be exercised judiciously after a consideration of all the facts: per Evans, P., in Fletcher v. Fletcher (21, T.L.R. 290). Again: "The Court is not to exercise a general discretion in granting or refusing a decree of restitution: to go so far would involve a large alteration of the old law and would confer discretionary power on the Court of far-reaching effect and most difficult to exercise." Per Barnes, J., in Oldroyd v. Oldroyd (1896, p. 183); and that learned judge proceeded to lay down the test, as afterwards adopted by Shearman, J., in Greene v. Greene (1916, p. 188): "Hus it became practically impossible for the parties to live properly together."

The position there is that a petitioner is entitled to a decree unless the respondent can satisfy the Court that it is practically impossible for the parties to live properly together; remembering always that it is their duty to live together and that the Court will not lightly absolve either from that duty.

PARALLEL CASES.

What is the evidence here? Apart from an alleged confession of adultery, it is to the effect that the wife was violent tempered, and at dates in 1922 had abused, threatened, and even struck her husband; the instances given being at long intervals apart, and there being no instance between December 1922 and September 1923. I cannot say that such conduct is enough to justify the husband in leaving his wife, and I am following here the decisions of two such experienced judges in these cases as the late Sir Samuel Evans and Mr. Justice Shearman. I take the later case of the two, Greene v. Greene, already mentioned, tried by Mr. Justice Shearman. The evidence was to the following effect: "The petitioner was hysterical and jealous. She made false accusations against her husband and wrote affectionate letters to other men; she had written letters which no modest or sensible woman would have written, but it is not suggested that there

(Continued on next column.)

BOLSHEVISTS AT CANTON.

Our Chinese correspondent writes:

M. Borodin, Soviet representative in Canton, after an absence of several months at Peking, returned to this Southern metropolis a few days ago. Upon his arrival, however, several leading members of the Kuomintang decided to leave Canton. The matter may be coincidental or may be not. It has been a long time known to the Canton public that the Kuomintang members are divided into two camps regarding the Soviet theories of government. One may be said to be Bolshevistic and the other, anti-Bolshevistic. Dr. Sun Yat Sen, while friendly to the Bolshevists, has not publicly accepted their principles as a part of the Kuomintang platform.

The question of Bolshevism has come before Canton public attention against through a petition of Chang Chi Tung Chak Yu, and others to Dr. Sun Yat Sen calling for the reprimand of those leaders having advocated Bolshevism in connection with their promotion of the Kuomintang movement, and it appears to be the desire of the less radical leaders of the party to separate the two interests as far as possible so that the Kuomintang may not be accused of being a Bolshevistic Party.

P. & O. AND THE EMPIRE
EXHIBITION.

In connection with the British Empire Exhibition, the P. & O. Company has not put on extra ships, except in the sense that four new steamers of large tonnage and passenger-carrying capacity have been added to its fleet during the past eighteen months. Earlier post-war vessels which have earned popularity are the *Naranda* and *Narkanda*, of 16,000 tons. The coming of these ships into the Australian trade has enabled the company to transfer to the India and China services such vessels as the *Manila*, *Morua*, *Malaya*, and *Indra*, passenger and mail steamers of 11,000 tons. Thus, without increasing the number of sailings, there has been an all-round increase in the passenger capacity of the various services, and so the company has been enabled to meet the extra demand for berths resulting from the desire of Britons overseas to see the Exhibition at Wembley.—*China Express* (London).

was any guilty intimacy between her and the respondent. She was furiously jealous of her husband, with the not unnatural result of her outbursts that after a time he separated himself from her more and more, with the further result that, if the husband's evidence be accepted, she gradually gave way to drink. They were the usual concomitants of untrue accusations and hysterical outbursts. The judge, notwithstanding this evidence, and without calling upon the wife to answer it, felt that he would be extending the law if he held that the husband in this case had reasonable cause for deserting his wife and granted her a decree of restitution. This was on the same principles as laid Sir S. Evans to grant a decree to another wife—Fletcher v. Fletcher (1916)—where he held that the conduct of the wife did not justify the husband in withdrawing his protection from her: protection which included not only providing for her livelihood but giving her his society, his care, and that anchorage in life which a frivolous and foolish woman required."

I am satisfied on the principles as I evolve, them from the authorities that, even were I to accept the respondent's evidence, he has not (apart from the alleged confession) shown me reasonable cause for refusing to cohabit with his wife. At the same time I hold that he has failed to prove the charges he has made against her.

THE ALLEGED MISCONDUCT.

I come now to the alleged confession of adultery, said to have been made by the wife in September 1922. This, if proved and true, would be enough to lead me to refuse the prayer of the petitioner. Again, there is no evidence before me save the word of the parties and the surrounding circumstances. It is suggested that this woman, the mother of two small children, came back from her summer holiday and rather boasted of her intimacy with several men at Tsingtao during that holiday. She strenuously denies the fact and the confession. Why should she make such a confession? The parties, even if their relations were strained, were living under the same roof: why present her husband with this evidence, if true? And the more so, if untrue? And why did not the husband take steps to ascertain more, or even to learn where he was with such a confession in his hands? He did nothing of the sort, and the parties continued to live under the same roof. Nay, more: in 1923 he sends his wife with both the children at his expense to the same place for the summer; and it is only while they are there that he writes the letter of August 13th definitely refusing to live any longer with the wife. In no single letter is any reference made to this confession: it is clear to me that he paid no real attention to it and did not believe it, even if made. Why should I? And I cannot believe that the wife ever made such a confession. I have referred to this material in this way because it would be most unsatisfactory if I were merely to say that the respondent had failed to prove it. There is no reasonable cause here for the desertion of the wife.

The prayer of the petitioner, must be granted: there will be an order for restitution of conjugal rights to be obeyed in 14 days after service, with costs.

"OUTRAGEOUS CONDUCT."

TENANT'S HOUSE STRIPPED BY
LANDLORD.

The alleged "outrageous conduct" of the landlord of No. 39, Queen's Road West, in commencing to pull down the house over the tenant's head was yesterday the subject of a Summary Court action heard before Mr. Justice Dyer Ball, the tenant claiming \$1,000 damages. The landlord also brought a cross-action against the tenant for possession, but this was held over pending the result of an appeal on a similar case.

Mr. E. S. C. Brooks appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. N. L. Brewer for the defendant.

Mr. Brooks said the tenant carried on business at No. 39, Queen's Road West, ground floor, as a tailor. On May 4th a number of workmen appeared on the scene and erected scaffolding in front of the house with a view, no doubt, to pulling down the house. The tenant consulted his solicitors who wrote to the landlord. Notwithstanding this letter, on May 6th the workmen commenced taking off the roof and in fact by working that day and the following day they completely stripped the roof. They removed the tiles of the first and second floors as well. The result was there was nothing left between the tenant and the sky, excepting a few rafters.

On May 9th an injunction was granted in the Summary Court and the work stopped. Since that day the tenant, living in a place of that nature with no protection whatever, had been subjected to the worse kind of weather possible.

Mr. Brooks said his client had since put part of the roof back in order to get a living. In assessing damages Mr. Brooks asked his Lordship to consider the cost of putting the roof back and to also bear in mind the outrageous conduct of the landlord in doing what he had done.

The tenant, in the witness-box, estimated the damage to his stock in trade at between \$1,200 and \$1,300. His average daily taking before the roof was taken off was \$70; the daily takings since the roof had been removed were between \$10 and \$20. He produced his account books in Court which showed that his takings on the two days previous to the roof being removed were \$117.75 and \$93 respectively. After the roof had been removed his takings for the following three days were \$15, \$10, and \$7.

Mr. Brewer intimated that his defence would be that the premises were liable to be surrendered and that the tenant, having made arrangements to move out, said he had no objections to the work proceeding.

Mr. Brewer called the contractor engaged on the work who stated that the landlord instructed him to go there on May 4th and put up the scaffolding. On the previous day witness went to the tenant and told what he proposed doing. The tenant said he was going to move out on May 8th. He raised no objection to the scaffolding being erected.

Mr. Brewer, whilst that admitting his client was in the wrong, thought the tenant had waived his right to exemplary damages in that he raised no objection to the contractor commencing work. He asked his Lordship to award nominal damages only.

Mr. Brooks described the case as one of the worst cases he had heard of. His Lordship considered it a very bad case, and one in which the tenant was deserving of higher damages than in any other case which he had dealt with. He wished to compare the facts of the case with previous cases in order to assess damages, but at that moment he was prepared to award \$500 damages if Mr. Brooks was prepared to accept that amount.

Mr. Brooks signified that he was not, and his Lordship said that he would go further into the matter and announce the amount to be awarded as damages on the following morning.

CINEMA NOTES.

THE WORLD.

The director of the thrilling mystery picture that is the Universal Jewel attraction at the World Theatre to-day is Stuart Paton who was born in Glasgow and grew up to become a Scotch humorist of the type of Sir Harry Lauder and at that calling he was moderately successful. He might have become famous as a humorist if he had not gone to America and tried other stage work. And then he changed again to pictures. From this variety of experience he has a fine background for directing, since directing is an art that is really a composition and combination of several arts in mental viewpoint. "Eyes" which Paton is directing, is taken from the successful stage play written by Earl Carroll. The story was prepared in scenario form by Rey month L. Schrock, scenario editor at Universal City, and Albert G. Kenyon, and a very strong cast of players is responsible for the presentation of the play.

THE HEAVY RAINFALL.
WATER SUPPLY CUT OFF.

According to the Observatory records, the rainfall during the 24 hours ended at 10 a.m. yesterday was 7.195 inches. The total since the first of January is now 50.43 inches against an average of 37.79 inches. In some districts of the Colony the fall was much heavier than in others, 2.5 inches falling at Wongnei-chong reservoir. At Tytan Tak there was 5 inches; at Tytan Intermediate 7.3 inches was registered and 9.3 inches at Kowloon reservoir. The measurements at the reservoirs are for the 24 hours ending 6 a.m. yesterday.

The Observatory records show that between 1 p.m. and 5 p.m. 3.235 inches fell on Monday. The heaviest shower was between 3.30 p.m. and 4.30 p.m. when 1.320 inches fell. There was another exceptionally heavy shower between 10.30 p.m. and 11.30 p.m. when the fall registered was 1.08 inches.

BOWEN ROAD CONDUIT.

As a sequel to this heavy downpour the Bowen Road conduit was again broken, and it is announced in consequence that the water supply for all districts will, for the time being, be controlled by bringing the rider mains into operation once more, despite the plentiful supply of water. The flame broke at 10 a.m. yesterday and almost immediately afterwards the P.W.D. commenced repairs. It will be remembered that last year considerable trouble was experienced with the flame on Bowen Road which was damaged by heavy landslides in this vicinity after a heavy down pour of rain. There is some danger of a heavy landslide at present in the same vicinity endangering "Briarside."

So far no important landslides have been reported and no roads have been closed. There have been several minor washouts. The Pokfulam Road is cracked in one place whilst at Tsun Wan in the New Territories half the road has been blocked by a fall of earth. There is also a small fall reported from Shatin and a bank of earth slipped on to the road near Thorp Manor, May Road.

A HOUSE COLLAPSES.

During the heavy rains a house collapsed in the Yau-mai district which resulted in a number of coolies being buried. This occurred in Temple Street in the afternoon when a party wall in course of construction came down burying the coolies who were sheltering from the rain. Mr. Gorvin of the P.W.D. was close at hand at the time and succeeded in rescuing four of the unfortunate people whilst later the hour two others were rescued. Of this number the foreman in charge of the coolies was seriously injured. He was removed to hospital with a broken spine. Three others were believed to have lost their lives. Yesterday morning the body of a coolie was recovered. The police continued to search for further bodies but yesterday afternoon a Daily Press representative was informed that rescue work was stopped during the afternoon, no further bodies being recovered. It is believed that all who were pinned under the debris have been rescued.

IMPUDENT ROBBERY.

ARMED MEN GET AWAY WITH
\$5,570.

Two audacious robbers armed with a revolver and a dagger, carried off at a late hour on Monday night a successful coup which yielded a return of \$5,570 to them. They entered a tea denier's shop in Des Voeux Road West, just as the shop was being closed. They asked for the managing partner and were told he was on the first floor. They paid him a visit and a few minutes later they came down stairs and left the shop.

A little later when the foks had closed the shop they went upstairs and were surprised to find the master and his son lying in the front room bound and gagged. They saw that the safe had been opened and the contents rifled. The master was released and he informed the foks that he and his son were held up and ordered to keep quiet. They were then bound and gagged and the key of the safe taken from the master. The safe was opened and a bundle of bank notes extracted, after which the robbers quietly left the premises, hiding "Good night" to the foks as they walked out of the shop.

THE PORTUGUESE FLIGHT.
NOT FLYING TO MACAO.

ANOTHER MACHINE UNRECOVERABLE.

A Daily Press representative was informed at the residence of the Portuguese Consul-General last night by Capt. de Bieres that the airmen had abandoned the idea of flying to Macao. It has been found impossible to obtain another machine.

To-day the aviators leave Hongkong for Macao on their Portuguese gunboat *Padrao*.

THE CANTON OUTRAGE. PROTECTION OF THE SHAMEEN.

CIVIL GOVERNOR V. BRITISH CONSUL-GENERAL.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

Civil Governor Liao Chung Hoi of Kwangtung appears to be much displeased over the instigation of Mr. Bertrand Giles, H.B.M. Consul-General in Canton, that the culprit who failed to assassinate M. Merlin, Governor-General of Indo-China, visiting that port, but succeeded in killing five and wounding seriously many other French guests during a banquet in Victoria Hotel, Shameen, on the evening of June 18th, was a Chinese. A corpse found in Canton Harbour on June 21st, alleged to be the Annamite who committed the heinous crime and later jumped into the water when chased, is furnishing a clue to the solution of the identity of the criminal.

CIVIL GOVERNOR'S PROTEST TO BRITISH CONSUL-GENERAL.

YOUR FAILURE TO AFFORD PROPER PROTECTION.

Governor Liao's reply to Consul-General Giles, as it appears in the native press, may be roughly translated as follows:—

"We are in receipt of your letter of June 20th, protesting against the hurling of a bomb by a foreign-dressed Chinese at the Governor-General of Indo-China in Victoria Hotel, Shameen, British Concession; emphasizing the grave responsibility of the Government of our province; and intimating that strict regulations will be made for the supervision of Chinese entering Shameen."

"We have been greatly surprised on the perusal of the contents of your letter."

"We may state that, upon hearing of the proposed visit of the Governor-General of Indo-China to Canton, we immediately made preparations for his welcome, including arrangements for a banquet and special military and police protection. All press reports in connection with the proposed visit have been an indication of friendly reception. All these should fully prove that both the Government and the people of our province would be exceptionally happy in extending a cordial welcome to the coming of the Governor-General of Indo-China."

"On the arrival of the Governor-General of Indo-China at the Pearl River (Canton), June 20th, however, and before he had set foot on Chinese soil, he was immediately transferred from the French gunboats, on which he came, to the French Consulate, French Concession, in Shameen. The same evening, the members of the French community in Shameen tendered receptions and banquet, in his honour, at the Victoria Hotel, within the British Concession."

"The Governor-General of Indo-China being an important personage of the French Republic, and your being the honourable Consul-General responsible for order and protection in the British Concession, you should have taken every precaution. Instead, within such a small area as Shameen, entirely surrounded by water, notwithstanding the fact that the proprietor of Victoria Hotel is also Superintendent of Police of the British Concession, and the Police Station is next to the hotel, such it is surprising that an outrage as the throwing of a bomb from the street through a window into the dining room of a hotel could have been allowed to occur. It is more a surprise to us that, after the throwing of the bomb, the culprit was able to make good his escape."

"We are afraid that you, as honourable Consul-General, and your subordinates the constables will never be able to shirk and avoid the responsibility of having failed to take proper precautions before hand, to render proper protection at the moment, and to bring about an arrest afterward. In the light of all these, you should bear the responsibility yourself, instead of shifting it to others."

"As to the fact that the culprit was a Chinese wearing foreign-style clothes, we have not received the evidence. It may of interest to recall that at the ten given at the French Consulate that afternoon, but two hours before the outrage in question, in honour of the Governor-General, the French Consul was understood to have invited to Mr. Wu Chao Chi, Secretary of Foreign Affairs, that the Governor-General is taking precautions against some Annamites in his trip, particularly a certain Annamite."

"At present the culprit is still at large and we have no definite knowledge as to his nationality. Before the outrage, however, the French Consul paid attention only to some Annamites. According to you, Mr. Honourable Consul-General, the culprit is a Chinese; but we are not as yet been advised of the proof."

"Referring to the conclusion of your letter in which you said that the Chinese are harbouring anti-foreign feelings, we are at a loss as to what particular incident you have in mind. We do not believe that you are making this unfounded statement so as to lighten your responsibility in this matter and to arouse ill-feelings between Chinese and foreigners and, to alienate the cordial relationship existing between the Chinese and the French peoples."

"In your letter you further intimated that more strict rules will be made for the regulation of Chinese entering Shameen. May we remind you that this question is far from the discussion we are at. That it has long been the desire of Shameen officials and police to adopt rules regulating Chinese, we are not unaware; but if it must be done as desired, it may be followed without referring to this incident. Should the regulations adopted be detrimental to Chinese rights and interests, however, our Government cannot be expected to be silent."

"On this visit of the Governor-General of Indo-China, he was to have become the honoured guest of our Canton Government, but simply because of your failure to afford the proper protection, thus causing about fear and disorder. His Excellency did not walk on Chinese soil at any time. As he was forced by circumstances to leave the city the next day, our Generalissimo and our Government were denied the privilege of immediately expressing our appreciation and extending our welcome. This failure to afford proper protection also caused the death or serious injury to more than ten French residents, including the French Consul and several officials, merchants, and ladies. For all these, our Government cannot refrain from lodging a strong protest and expressing its disapproval."

"Comparing the great area and large population of the Canton City proper with the small strip of Shameen, it is much harder to render police protection in the city than at Shameen. In spite of this, the culprit had seen fit to throw his bomb not in the city but at Shameen, and was able to leisurely make good his escape. The inefficiency of the Shameen police is obvious."

"While Shameen is not within the police jurisdiction of the City of Canton, its peace and order greatly affect the city, at the late incident has proved. We wish to take this opportunity to definitely arrange for, should circumstances demand, our Government to dispatch police to Shameen to assist in the maintenance of order for the safety and mutual welfare of both Canton and Shameen."

THE TRAGEDY.

THE PURSUIT OF THE ASSASSIN.

DETAILS FROM A RESIDENT OF SHAMEEN.

A resident of the Shameen in a letter to us supplements the accounts of the tragedy which have been published in the *Hongkong Daily Press* with details relating to the pursuit of the assassin and the recovery of his body which might well form part of the record of this amazing outrage. He writes:—

"Excitement, consequent on such an unprecedented catastrophe on our little island is gradually subsiding, and Shameen is waking up, as if from a trance and dastardly crime could have been perpetrated here. Canton at present is in the lime light of the whole world and a fuller authentic account of what actually happened may be interesting."

"This would be assassin, in the guise of a quiet-looking young man, in ordinary European garb enters the Shameen carrying an ordinary, innocent-looking bag, and watches his prey from the road through

the low windows of the Victoria Hotel; just as anyone, a gentleman of a coolie, may do, for from the road a full view could be obtained of what was going on in the hall of the hotel. The miscreant, evidently the tool of some fanatic organisation, knew there was to be a big French function in honour of H.E. the Governor-General of Indo-China. He watches the guests assemble, throws an infernal bomb amongst them, and, in a trice, changes merriment into mourning. Consternation and pandemonium prevail and the cowardly fellow has time to run and slip away. He is seen by an European, who follows. A Chinese cook and a policeman also follow, and chase the man down the Central Avenue of the British Concession. Near the Chinese Telegraph Office, he turns and fires two shots upon his pursuers, runs up to the branch of the Chinese Post Office and turns South, on the French Concession where whistles and the hue and cry attract the attention of the French residents. In the meantime gates are closed and the landing steps are watched. The man turns towards the south, past the nine houses, where two Parsi gentlemen, taking in the situation, chase the man. When one of them was drawing near, some one from behind shouted that the man had fire-arms and the Parsi drew away. Thus the miscreant got another chance to slip away. He turned towards the Madrier house corner, in the direction of the French Consulate. Seeing a Chinese at the gate of the French bank, the man enters the French garden. Then presumably he issues out, and proceeds to the French Post Office, and seeing perhaps the people on the French bridge, he turns back on the front side of the bund, walking with revolver in hand. He was espied by a Sikh who followed him for some distance, and then lost view of him for a time. When he was again seen by the Sikh policeman the wretch re-entered the French garden in the semi-darkness. At that moment a lunkong of the French force came in hot haste to say that the man had entered the garden and two of the lunkongs, with the Sikh, began to search. A shadow was seen and followed. The man crouched and lay flat on the ground, under the short palm-trees, behind the garden hedge. The Sikh not suspecting that the man had arms, began beating the bush, when the man hidden there fired a shot. The Sikh drew back, and the miscreant seeing an opportunity of escape rushed out, and took a leap into the river, leaving a straw hat behind. On the report of the gun the sampans in the river scurried away, and it being dark the man was seen no more. No Chinese patrol boat was seen in the river at that time."

Now let me turn to what happened at the scene of the disaster. People from all around rushed in to help. First aid was rendered, bandages made ready and stretchers improvised. The poor victims were carried away on stretchers to the hospitals. The scene was heart-rending. The Chinese officials on learning the news got horrified and rushed to Shameen to make inquiries and on learning what had occurred expressed their deep regrets and sorrow to H.E. The Governor. The Chinese landing places were watched and all precautions on the water were taken by them. After the lapse of 40 hours a corpse was found floating in the river, and it was dragged to the 12th Water Police Station. Mr. Read, of the British Consulate and Mr. Kavarana, in charge of the French Police, went over to the place. It was dark, and the dead man could not be well seen, but a live cartridge was shown them. It was VMC-BEM 33 cal. and tallied exactly with others which the French police had found near the bund where the man had taken the leap into the river. The cartridge was not French, as is implied in Canton papers. Other things found on the body which were shown to Mr. Read and Mr. Kavarana were a metal watch which had stopped at 8.47, some ordinary brass buttons and three Hongkong one-dollar notes. They were also shown the man's clothes—a grey-coloured coat and white trousers. These were at once identified by the two Parsi residents who had pursued the miscreant. The Chinese Superintendent of the Water Police declared that when he saw the corpse he knew from the face, that the man was an Annamite. The same night, M. Beauvais, jr., in charge of the French Consulate, went to view the body with the Captain and officers of the gun-boats, at 10 p.m. and again next morning. The naval officers and doctor, with two Frenchmen tried to photograph the corpse which was swollen and much decomposed."

Now, that severity has reigned, and one can think in a rational way, it behooves us not to be hysterical. It is easy to be wise after the event. Dinner parties and dances have frequently been held on the Shameen with never an untoward incident of this description, and no one, of course, imagined the possibility of such an outrage as that which occurred on this night of June 18th. The Shameen police are not armed. A re-organisation and strengthening of the police force is now contemplated and we may expect an end of the *laissez faire* methods which have hitherto prevailed. No one believes there is any anti-foreign feeling, or that any fault is to be ascribed to the present Chinese authorities. The Cantonese have no bad feeling for the French; they are one and the same, and the grievous error the dastardly act. The outrage was the act of a mad man instigated no doubt by a band of hot heads. That the man who threw the bomb has paid for it with his life is a small consolation."

The patients in hospital, we are glad to know, are recovering. Dr. Casabianca, the Acting Consul, shows slight improvement and it is the fervent wish of the whole Shameen—Europeans and Chinese and all others alike—that he may recover soon. The deepest sympathy is universally expressed with the little French community in their trial as was shown at the funeral of the five victims by the attendance of representatives of all the different communities."

AN ANONYMOUS LETTER.

A vernacular paper at Canton announces the receipt of an anonymous letter wherein it is stated that the name of the Annamite assassin is "Fan Hangtai" and that he hailed from Tonkin. Anonymous communications must naturally be regarded with great suspicion. The object of the writer may be to delude the police."

M. MERLIN SAFEGUARDED AT SHANGHAI.

The N.C. Daily News says:—

It may be recalled now that, on the occasion of M. Merlin's recent visit to Shanghai, the French authorities had information that an attempt upon the Governor-General's life would be made here, and they treated the information as being of such importance as to justify special precautions. Thus it was that the distinguished visitor was carefully sheltered from the moment of his arrival until that of his leaving, and he was never abroad without there being half-a-dozen armed men and several detectives in close attendance upon him."

The opinion has been formed here (says our Shanghai contemporary) that the attempt to assassinate M. Merlin was the work of political agents associated with the Nationalist party of Indo-China. Though upon a much smaller scale, the country is troubled with the same agitation and revolutionary propaganda as India, and little doubt is entertained but that the outrage is the work of revolutionaries. M. Merlin has held office for less than a year, and during his short term of administration has made no exceptional departure from the policy of his predecessors, and it is assumed therefore that the attack is against his office rather than against him personally."

CORRESPONDENCE.

HONGKONG PUBLIC WORKS.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS".]

SIR,—I think it would interest the public to know something about a derelict rusty steel structure in Des Vaux Road, intended, so I understand, in the dim and distant future, for Government Offices. It is a pitiable object in its present condition, and I should imagine, from the manner in which the rust is peeling off, steadily deteriorating."

Another matter of public interest is Statue Pier and when it is likely to be completed. I am under the impression that the original intention was to have the pier ready in time for the landing of H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, more than two years ago, and if my memory serves me correctly it was commenced many months prior to his Royal Highness's visit to the Colony."

It is to be hoped that when the harbour development is really taken in hand the work will be pushed along with more energy than is apparent in these two instances. There may be, and probably are, difficulties of which the man in the street is unaware, but I venture to suggest that an explanation from the Government as to the reasons for the delay might allay a feeling of uneasiness in the minds of many in the community, that, to put it mildly, everything is not as it should be.—I am, Sir, yours faithfully, W. L. PATTENDEN."

M O R N Y THE ORIGINAL PERFUME.

THE FOLLOWING SELECTION JUST ARRIVED:—

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Calf or a Smart Medium Last.

Pumps—\$12.50.

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CABLES.

EARLIER CABLES.
HONGKONG'S SOCIAL PROBLEM.
HOME GOVT. COMMITTEE.

LONDON, June 23rd.
In the House of Commons, replying to Mr. John Harris, Mr. J. H. Thomas said he was constituting an expert committee to advise him on the subject of the *matrons' problem* in Hongkong, and the proposed Bill for registration and control of prostitutes, after which he would be enabled to make a statement to the House.

THE EXPERTS' REPORT.
BRITAIN'S POLICY EXPLAINED.
THE ANGLO-FRENCH CONVERSATIONS.

LONDON, June 23rd.
In the House of Commons, replying to Mr. Baldwin, Mr. MacDonald said the purpose of his interview with M. Herriot was to discuss the technical arrangements necessary in order to put the Experts' reports into operation, and certain matters in which Anglo-French co-operation seemed desirable in order to promote the security and peace of Europe. That must not be taken to mean that they intended to make any exclusive arrangements between any two Powers. The discussion would be reported to the Premier of Belgium and Italy, which countries M. Herriot and Mr. MacDonald were anxious no decision should be presented as already taken. Their talk was preliminary to an Inter-Allied Conference in London probably on July 16th. The communications issued covered the ground of the conversations.

Replying to Mr. Lloyd George, Mr. MacDonald said it was most desirable that America be represented at the Conference in July (cheers). A communication to that effect would be made to America immediately. The representation of Germany was discussed, but obviously an inter-Allied agreement would be the first essential. In regard to what they were prepared to do to give effect to the report, it was felt the report imposed certain obligations on Germany somewhat outside the obligations of the Treaty of Versailles. The question remaining for consultation with Belgium and Italy was how best they could make Germany a willing partner in sharing these obligations.

AN INTER-ALLIED CONFERENCE.

Mr. MacDonald said the business at the Inter-Allied Conference would be the Dawes report. As soon as all the machinery was actively in working order and they put the report into operation, the Conference would proceed to discuss, and he hoped arrange, other outstanding questions between France and Britain, including inter-Allied debts, but he emphasized that the debt question would not be mixed up with putting the report into operation.

Replying to Mr. Pringle, the Premier said the question of the proportions to which the Allies would share payments from Germany would certainly not be reopened. Replying to Mr. McNeill, he said the Government were communicating with the Dominions, and gave an assurance that the Dominions would be completely consulted and so might feel they were partners with the Government in everything the Government did (Opposition cheers). He emphasized that in settling the question of putting the Dawes report into operation the Government would take no responsibility that Britain or the Dominions would be neglected in seeing it carried out. Replying to Mr. Lloyd George, Mr. MacDonald said Germany would be asked to come in and make good the final agreement for putting the Dawes report into operation.

COLLECTIVE NOTE TO GERMANY.

BRUSSELS, June 23rd.
It is authoritatively stated that Mr. MacDonald and M. Herriot at the "Chequers" decided on the terms of a collective note to Germany, after the anticipated Belgian approval he obtained, drawing the attention of Germany to the interest she has in giving material guarantees of her goodwill and good faith if she wishes the restoration of normal relations with the Allies.

The Note will insist on the very urgent necessity for Germany giving all assurances on the vital question of disarmament without delay.

U.S. REPRESENTATION.

NEW YORK, June 23rd.
With regard to the MacDonald-Herriot meeting it is indicated that there is no likelihood of a deviation from the Government's policy of no formal participation in European discussions, but as a matter of course the United States expect to be represented in some way at the Inter-Allied Conference. It is remarked as a coincidence that this meeting will probably be held at the same time that Mr. Hughes will be in London with the American Bar Association.

EARLIER CABLES.
HOME GOVERNMENT DEFEAT.
ONLY QUESTION OF PROCEDURE.

LONDON, June 23rd.
The Government sustained another defeat in the House of Commons, by a substantial vote, 315 to 175, in consequence of an Opposition and Liberal combination in favour of a motion to refer the Housing (Financial Provisions) Bill to a committee of the whole House instead of a special committee, as the Government sought to impose. The defeat, however, is one of procedure, and not of principle. No political significance, therefore, is attached, and other business was proceeded with.

LIBERAL MOTION RESPONSIBLE.
Prior to this incident, the Bill, which embodies financial resolutions already passed, was read a second time, after an Opposition motion for rejection had been defeated by 200 to 206. The Opposition argued that it was an unsound theory in practice and the finance was thoroughly bad. The Liberals also expressed some discontent; and it was a Liberal's (Capt. Masterman) motion which ultimately resulted in the Government's discomfiture.

TROPICAL AGRICULTURE.
TRINIDAD ACTIVITIES.

LONDON, June 23rd.
Viscount Milner, Chairman of the Colonial Office Committee, appeals for £100,000 for the Imperial College of Tropical Agriculture at Trinidad in order to complete and equip laboratories now being constructed, and also to provide for the establishment of an instructional sugar factory, towards which sugar machinery engineers of Great Britain have contributed apparatus valued at £20,000.

ECHO OF AMRITSAR CASE.
DEMAND FOR REMOVAL OF JUDGE.

LONDON, June 23rd.
In the House of Commons, Mr. Lansbury asked if the Government would grant time for the discussion of his motion asking for the removal of Mr. Justice McCardie from the Bench in connection with his summing up in the O'Dwyer case. Mr. Ramsay MacDonald said that the Government had come to the conclusion that a discussion of this subject would only add to the harm done in India by the words complained of.

LOSS OF S.S. "CLAN MACMILLAN."
ENTIRE CREW ACCOUNTED FOR.

LONDON, June 23rd.
The Clan Line announce that a message has been received in London stating that the captain's boat of the *Clan Macmillan* has been picked up, and that all the crew are now accounted for.

SOUTH AFRICAN POLITICS.
GENERAL HERTZOG SUMMONED.

CAPE TOWN, June 23rd.
General Smuts has resigned the Premiership. The Governor-General, who has summoned General Hertzog, has asked the Smuts Ministry to continue pending the formation of a new Government.

SEAT FOR GENERAL SMUTS.

LATER.
It is announced that General Smuts will not be opposed at Standerton, Transvaal.

The seat has been offered to him by Colonel Classen.

LATEST CABLES.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, June 23rd.
Sir Somerville Head has died in Switzerland.

[Sir Robert Pollock] Somerville Head was one of the "coming" men of the British Diplomatic Service. He has passed away at the comparatively early age of 40 years. Educated at Wellington College, he was nominated as an Attaché in the Diplomatic Service in 1905. His first appointment was at Lisbon (1907), and soon after he went to Madrid. He came to Peking for the first time in 1911, and after service at Vienna and Petrograd, returned to the Chinese Capital in 1917.

EARLIER CABLES.
HOME SPORT.
CRICKET.

HANTSHPHIRE v. SOUTH AFRICANS.
LONDON, June 23rd.
At Southampton, when stumps were drawn, the South Africans had scored 336.

Nourse, who contributed 121, gave a magnificent display of strong driving and cutting. His innings, which included a five and 16 fours, lasted two hours and fifty minutes.

Commaile compiled 62, and Blakenburg 60. Newman took four wickets for 118 runs. The innings lasted four hours and a half.

Hampshire scored 155 runs for the loss of four wickets.

Fowler scored 45 not out.

Warwick at Kidderminster beat Worcester by six wickets. Worcester scored 182, and then 74. Howell taking 5 for 37, and Warwick 119, and 141 for 4. Parsons scoring 51 not out.

TENNIS AT WIMBLEDON.

FIRST-ROUND MATCHES.

LONDON, June 23rd.

In glorious weather and before a huge attendance, in the first round of the tennis tournament, R. Lacoste beat the Japanese, S. Okamoto, 6-2, 4-6, 6-3 and 6-4.

In the presence of a fashionable attendance numbering 10,000 around the centre court, with thousands around the outer courts, in the first match on that court, the American, Vincent Richards, who is the favoured finalist, was not extended in defeating Park 6-1, 6-1 and 6-0.

A most exciting and brilliant match followed when the Frenchman R. Lacoste disposed of the young Japanese Okamoto. The Spaniard Alonso beat J. Gregory 6-1, 6-3 and 6-4.

The meeting of two prominent British players resulted in the elimination of C. Thornhill by the Davis Cup representative, J. Gilbert, 6-3, 6-4 and 6-4.

The British players Lyett, Greig, and W. Crawley won comfortably, but the Davis Cup representative, L. Godfree, went down before the American, W. Washburn, 6-4, 6-0 and 7-5.

The Frenchmen, Borotra and Feret, and the South Africans, Spence, Condon and Raymond, scored victories.

K. Hoadby had a walk-over, and Fukuda beat Browne 6-4, 9-11, 6-3 and 6-2.

BRITISH OPEN GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP.

REPORT ENTRY.

LONDON, June 23rd.

With a record entry of 277 players the qualifying rounds in the British Open Golf Championship, which began today, had to be split over two courses, half playing at Hoylake and half at Formby, and changing over for the second round to-morrow.

There is a formidable American contingent, including the ex-champion Hagen, Sarazen, MacDonald Smith and Jim Barnes, also two Spaniards and half-a-dozen Frenchmen.

Both course records were broken. George Gadd (Roehampton) headed at Formby with 70, MacDonald Smith 72, Sarazen 75, Ray 76, C. Whitecombe 77, and Abe Mitchell 78.

Of the Hoylake half the veteran J. H. Taylor (Mid-Surrey) went round the course in the record score of 70. Havers (holder) 72, Tolley 77, Wethered and Dutton 78, the American Nicholls 79, Barnes 81 and Hagen 83. The two last-named players need excellent rounds to-morrow to gain a place in the first 80, who compete in the championship proper at Hoylake on Thursday and Friday.

"RECRUITED" AT 90.

AGED 90, Mr. Jordan, who was present at the relief of Lucknow in the Indian Mutiny, has died at Falmouth.

He ran away from home when a boy and served with the East India Company for a number of years, afterwards going to China.

At the age of 53 he was awarded a Government pension and at the outbreak of the Great War (then aged 80) he received a reservist's calling-up paper.

LATEST CABLES.
REUTERS AMERICAN SERVICE.
CROSS COUNTRY FLIGHT.

BETWEEN DAWN AND DUSK.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 23rd.

The airman, Lieut. Russel Maughan, arrived here at 9.44 this evening, having left New York at 3.30 in the morning, thus flying across the Continent, a distance of 2,670 miles, between dawn and dusk. Maughan used a 275 horse power twelve cylinder Curtis "Pursuit" aeroplane. His actual time, including five stops for refuelling, was 21 hours 48 minutes. The object of the flight was to test the speed at which Army airmen could be mobilised on either coast in the event of invasion.

THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

NEW YORK EN FETE.

NEW YORK, June 23rd.

The city is decorated with miles of flags and bunting, and Fifth Avenue at night is glowing under myriads of yellow, white and blue lights, the official colours of the city, in honour of the opening of the Democratic Convention on June 24th, which is expected to prove one of the most exciting on record, owing to the large number of potential candidates and the differences of opinion with regard to questions, like prohibition, the Ku-Klux-Klan, a world court of justice, and the League of Nations. The anti-Ku-Klux-Klan faction desire a plank in the platform opposing the Klan by name, whilst others suggest that the plank should merely denounce subversive organisations generally.

The divisions on the foreign relations plank hinges largely on whether or not the League of Nations should specifically be referred to; while as regards the liquor issue, some delegates urge a plank suggesting an amendment of the Volstead Act so as to permit light wines and beers, whilst others want an enforcement of the law with a proviso that if the statute be imperfect and out of harmony with the Constitution, then Congress should alter it.

POTENTIAL CANDIDATES.

Messrs. Smith and McAdoo are still very prominent candidates for the Presidency, but keen political observers declare that Mr. Davis, former Ambassador to Britain, is daily gaining adherents.

SEIGE OF KWEILIN.

NEWS OF THE MISSIONARIES.

Further information was received in Shanghai on the 20th inst. as to the missionaries in the besieged city of Kweilin, the following telegram being sent to Mr. Bailey, of the Church Missionary Society, from Yungchow:

Wilson, Blands, Baileys, Scantler and Mrs. Cunningham arrived. Others well. Still besieged.

The people referred to are: the Rev. J. R. Wilson, the Rev. R. N. Bland and Mrs. Bland, Mr. H. S. Bailey and Mrs. Bailey, Miss Scantler and Mrs. Cunningham, widow of the Rev. J. R. Cunningham, who was killed during the siege. The "others" referred to are presumably being still on the besieged city are: Bishop and Mrs. Holden, Dr. Charlotte Bacon, Miss Watkins and Miss Bin.

ADVERTISE AND SUCCEED.

TRADER WHO GAINED 25,000 CUSTOMERS.

There is no such thing as over-lapping in advertising," declared Councillor J. Stanworth, of Blackburn, vice-president of the National Chamber of Trade and head of Messrs. J. Stanworth & Co., umbrella manufacturers, addressing the Lancashire and Cheshire Federation of Ironmongers at Blackburn, recently.

"The secret of success lies in reiteration," Persistence is the great essential.

When he started to advertise in the newspapers, he said, he received orders valued at £12 and £15 for £150 expended. He persisted, and today his postal customers exceeded 25,000. The success and expansion of his business was due to persistence in newspaper advertising, which represented the best means of securing confidence between the trader and his customers.

Newspaper advertising had contributed to the betterment of the race by multiplying human desires and demands. No advertisement, however smart and clever, sold a bad article twice to the same customer, and real merit was the only test of repeat orders and general recommendations.

FAR EASTERN CABLE NEWS.

[THROUGH REUTERS AGENCY.]

RUBBER RESTRICTION.

SCHEME TO CONTINUE.

LONDON, June 24th.

Commenting on the Chinese rubber interests in Malaya petitioning the Straits Government to abolish the rubber restriction scheme the *Financial Times* emphasises that there is not the slightest prospect of the annulment of the scheme at present.

The journal says that from August 1st onwards it is now practically certain that there will be a further five per cent. cut in production followed by an additional five per cent. every three years until the average price of rubber reaches 1s. 3d.

THE WANHSIEN OUTRAGE.

AMERICAN COMMENT.

NEW YORK, June 24th.

Commenting on the action of the Commander of the *Cochise* at Wanhsien, the *New York Times* says that although no doubt the Commander violated International Law he is not likely to be denounced by the United States Government or censured by the British Government. Foreigners were often in peril along the Yangtze, and it was useless to appeal to Peking. One reason why the Navy Department was concerned at the Senate's failure to pass the appropriation for new gunboats was that on Chinese rivers, Americans were often dependent on the protection of British or Japanese naval craft.

NEW U.S. SUBMARINES FOR MANILA.

MANILA, June 24th.

Nine old style submarines are leaving for America to-day, via Hongkong, Amoy, Shanghai and Chefoo. They are to be replaced by eighteen large, modern vessels from the United States.

U.S. IMMIGRATION LAW.

JAPANESE QUARREL IN CALIFORNIA.

TOKYO, June 23rd.

The Japanese murders in California are understood to be the outcome of a quarrel between Japanese, according to information from official sources.

The reports of these incidents naturally have found an echo here, especially in the reactionary Press, which has sensationally displayed the news and commented on it with vigour, while the larger and more moderate papers have either not commented or counselled self-control in the absence of details.

As soon as the reports were received, extra precautions were taken for the maintenance of order, especially at hotels and residences of Americans, who were assured by the officials that every provision would be made to ensure a complete control of the critical elements.

A "TAKOSHA" APPEAL.

The leaders of the "Takosha," which is alleged to have been responsible for the incident at the Imperial Hotel, Tokyo, on June 7th, have appealed to their fellow-nationals to uphold the character of the Samurai, who would scorn to persecute innocent Americans in Japan.

THE CAPTURED MISSIONARIES.

MR. RAY ARRIVES AT WUCHOW.

PEKING, June 23rd.

A Consular telegram from Wuchow reports that Mr. Tex Ray, the captive missionary, has arrived there.

CHINESE EASTERN RAILWAY.

JAPANESE NOTE TO WAICHIAPU.

PEKING, June 23rd.

A further Japanese Note sent to the Waichiapu on June 21st on the subject of the Chinese Eastern Railway explains, in regard to the Note of the 6th inst., that the "reservation" mentioned in the Waichiapu's reply dated June 17th is a matter, of course, hardly calling for any special declaration by Japan. Japan, however, has deemed it advisable to invite the attention of the Chinese Government to that phase of the matter, in order to avoid unnecessary difficulties arising in future.

PUBLIC SERVANTS CHARGED.

TANGLED TALE OF A LITTLE BUSINESS.

CHAI KWONG, a Water Police engineer, and Ho Ngau, a coxswain of the Harbour Department, were charged on remand at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday with having demanded with threats the sum of \$300 from Cheng Wah Yau.

Det. Sergt. Doring conducted the case, for the Police, and Mr. C. A. S. Russ defended.

Sergeant Wilson said that on the morning of the 16th inst. a constable brought complainant and Ho Ngau into the station. The complainant appeared very agitated, and made a short statement against the two defendants.

Mr. Russ, addressing the Magistrate, said the defence was that the defendants were contemplating running a coal business with the complainant. The two defendants were Government servants and were not allowed to engage in business, so that no written agreement was made, and a certain amount of trust had to be given by all parties. Both defendants had been in the Government service for over five years and had good records. If they had been in the habit of blackmailing people, they would have been found to be found out before. He asked his Worship to give the defendants the benefit of the doubt.

Chan Kwong, in the witness-box, said he had known the complainant since last year. Complainant had been to his house in Reclamation Street. He came to ask witness to go into business with him, chartering a small junk to deal in coal. The capital required was \$500. Witness said he would have no money until after the Chinese New Year. Complainant came again after the Chinese New Year, and witness agreed to come into the scheme if Ho Ngau would come in too. Ho Ngau was willing, and \$500 was handed over to the complainant as the defendants' joint share in the enterprise.

Proceeding, witness said that nothing was done for a long time, so finally he and Ho Ngau went to complainant and asked for their money back. On the 15th inst., at about 1 p.m., witness went with Ho Ngau to the complainant's junk and asked for the money. Complainant said "I will go to Hongkong presently and borrow the money." Witness and Ho Ngau accompanied him to Wanchai. Complainant did not get any money, and at about 1 a.m. the three returned in a motor-boat to Tsing-sha-tui. There detectives met them, and complainant said "I have been over there with them for a walk."

His Worship (Mr. E. W. Hamilton) asked the witness whether he was more afraid of being found guilty of demanding money with menaces, or of having put money in a business when he was a Government servant. Witness answered that the latter was what worried him.

Ho Ngau, in the witness-box, stated that, having been approached by the first defendant, he put up \$150 to do business with him and the complainant with a small coal junk. On the night of the charge, witness went with Chan Kwong to ask Cheng Wah Yau for the money back. Complainant said "The money is gone," and suggested going over to Hongkong to try to borrow the amount required. Witness and the first defendant agreed, and the three went to Wanchai.

The wife of Chan Kwong said that she knew the complainant. Asked if she could see him in Court, she answered that she could not. He had come, she said, to her house to talk business with her husband.

Witness next identified the complainant, who was brought into Court with three other men. At this point, the Magistrate dismissed the case against both defendants.

STOLEN JUNK CASE.

MAN DISCHARGED AT KOWLOON COURT.

MR. D. McCallum appeared at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday to prosecute in a case in which Chung Hi, a junk-breaker was charged with having in his possession a junk belonging to the Netherlands Harbour Works Co., knowing it to have been stolen outside the Colony.

Mr. C. A. S. Russ, who defended, said that his client had now discovered that the junk had been stolen, but at the time of purchase had not been aware of the fact. Defendant was willing to restore it to the owners.

Mr. McCallum signified the prosecution's willingness to withdraw the case, and defendant was discharged, the Magistrate, (Mr. Hamilton), remarking that he was very lucky.

MUI-TSAI CASE.

WARRANT ISSUED FOR ABSENT WOMAN DEFENDANT.

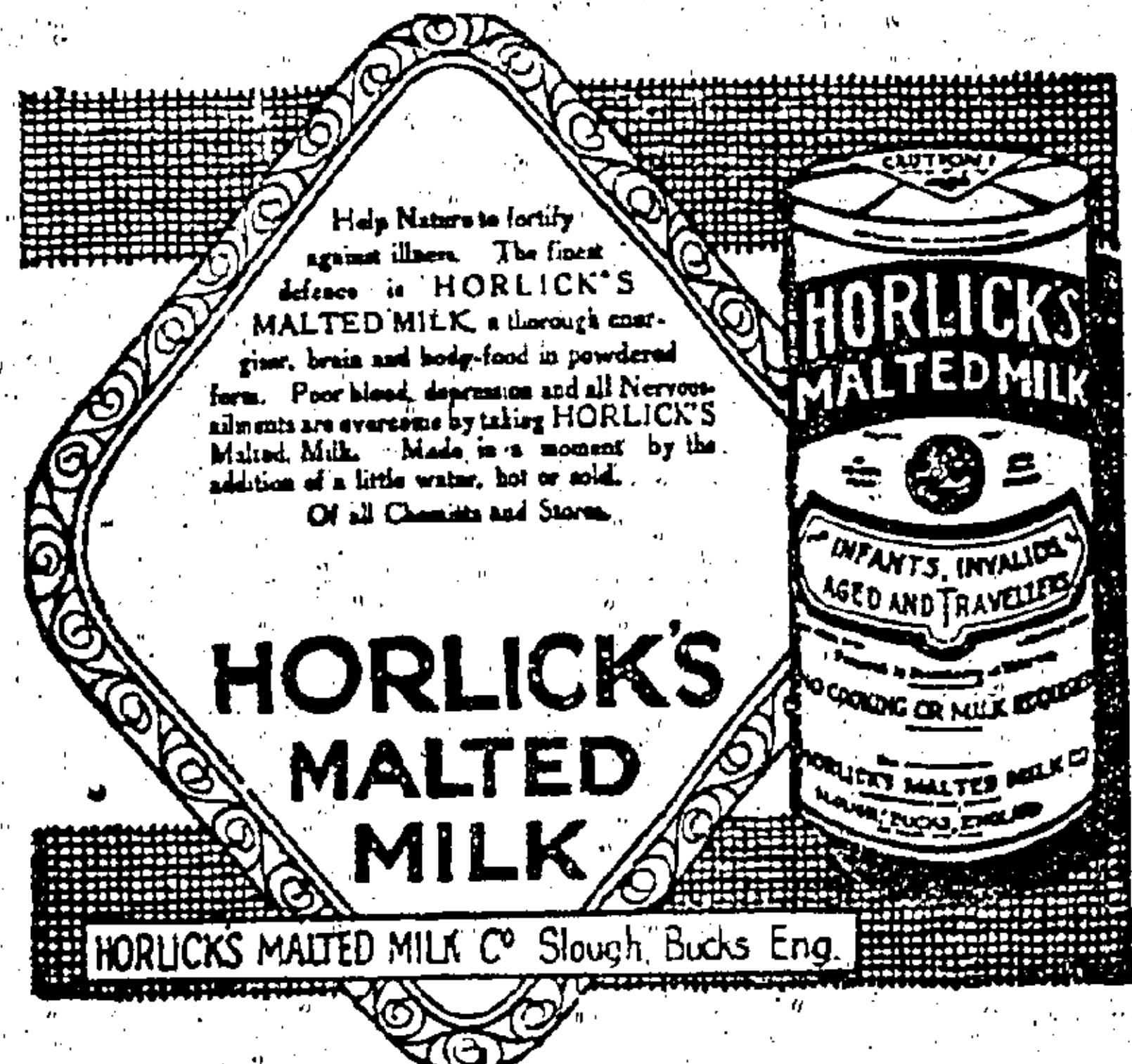
When the name of Leung Tak Ching, a married woman who is the defendant in a charge of cruelty to two multi-little girls of eleven, was called at the Kowloon Magistracy, yesterday, she did not appear.

Her bail of \$500 was therefore expropriated, and a warrant issued for her arrest.



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Writing from Singapore, under date March 31st, 1922, Sir Godfrey Thomas, Private Secretary to H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES, says:—

Sir,—I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 23rd instant and am desired by the Prince of Wales to thank you for the copy of the 60th annual edition of "THE DIRECTORY & CHRONICLE FOR CHINA, JAPAN, THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, ETC., ETC." which His Royal Highness has been pleased to accept, and which will be extremely useful during the remainder of the tour.

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Yours faithfully,
GODFREY THOMAS,
(Private Secretary.)

A MUSIC PROBLEM. EMOTIONAL DIFFERENCE BE- TWEEN KEYS.

Music in the minor keys usually produces a feeling of sadness, while major music has the contrary effect.

R. W. S. Mendel, discusses the reason in the Musical Quarterly.

There are, of course, exceptions, he writes. The Adagio of Beethoven's 9th Symphony, as an instance, is in a major key, but nearly everyone agrees that it is sad.

The Dead March, in Handel's Saul, is in the major and it is not so sad as the Funeral Marches of Beethoven and Chopin, which are in minor keys.

The writer also instances the main theme of the Scherzo in the 9th Symphony, which is in D minor, as being by no means sad. But it is less cheerful than the major portions of the same movement, and in the trio, which is in D major, the music seems almost to revel in the major key after so much minor. The Scherzo from Gounod's Philémon et Baucis is in a minor key, and yet is most light-hearted. Nevertheless, "play a major chord on the piano, and then a minor chord, and there can be no question as to this distinction." What is the cause?

Addressing the question of what it is in music that makes it of a sad or cheerful nature, the writer asserts that music, as a means of suggesting moods or emotions, stands on a different footing from any other art. In order words, the form of sentiment contained in music is an independent and unique entity. It is distinct in kind from that which can be portrayed in any other way than by music. It follows from this that a verbal explanation of a composer's intentions, even if he has given it himself, is at best, an inadequate paraphrase of the ideas represented by the music. So, when we say that a composer may be able to express his emotions more easily or more completely by music than by words, we are greatly misunderstanding the case.

Really, these particular feelings which he studies in music could not be presented by him in any other way. He suggests in music not just sorrow, but a form of it such as can only be conveyed musically. Moreover, it is different, in some respect, from the reflection of grief in any other piece of music in the world.

BAN ON MARRIAGE OF POVERTY. PROPOSALS WORTHY OF THE PROPHET HOSEA.

Dr. R. A. Gibbons, gynaecologist to the Grosvenor Hospital, in a paper on the State "Certificates of Marriage" read before the Eugenics Education Society at Burlington House, put forward the suggestion that the State should prevent the marriage of those whose health, mental condition or inability to earn a livelihood made the production of a healthy family an impossibility.

He said that the State might withhold a certificate of health in cases of persons suffering from venereal diseases, tubercle, mental deficiency, or genuine poverty. Young men married, when quite unable to keep a wife, with the result that children, when born, were underfed, neglected, and finally thrown on to the public fund.

The State he suggested, might insist on each individual taking out a policy of insurance, and of the medical examination proved unsatisfactory, the certificate could be withheld and marriage postponed. Sir John Bond-Sutton described Dr. Gibbons' paper as an indictment of modern matrimony worthy of the prophet Hosea. Eugenics, it appeared, was going to arrange an entirely new kind of marriage.

Sir W. Arbuthnot Lane said it would take many years to get public acceptance for the suggestions made. The press was doing much to bring favour for such proposals, and it was a healthy sign that these subjects were now most openly discussed.

EARS THAT STICK OUT. ADVANTAGES FOR PURPOSES OF HEARING.

In most people (says the Editor of the *Melton Press and Chronicle*) the ears look somewhat forwards. In some the forward direction is much more decided than in others. Prominent "sticking-out" ears are much more common in boys and men than in girls and women, and they tend as adult life approaches to become more closely applied to the head. What is the significance of this?

In the case of immobile ears the direction most favourable for collecting the sound waves proceeding from a particular direction is the forward ear, for the more the head is turned so as to face that direction the two ears together are able to receive a maximum of sound waves, while, if the ears are closely applied to the sides of the head, the turning of the head so that one ear shall face the source of the sound places the other ear in the least favourable position for collecting the sound waves.

Not only are the ears of boys and men more prominent than those of girls and women—they are also larger in proportion to stature. In these respects the man more closely resembles the anthropoid than the woman. This is the more remarkable seeing that in most respects the woman is the more primitive of the two. At the risk of appearing fanciful I hazard the guess that, inasmuch as from an early period of man's evolution from the anthropoid the male has been the hunter and the fighter, it has been more needful for him than for his consort to be endowed with acute hearing.

The pursuit of the impossible is always ennobling.—Dr. A. T. Schefield.
The adjective sovereign applied to the people is a tragic joke.—*Signor Mussolini*.
I have been driven to the conclusion that our great main roads will have to be nationalised.—Mr. H. Gosling.

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WEATHER REPORT

June 24th at 12.00—Pressure has decreased moderately at Nanto and Chofu and slightly over the Bonins. It has increased slightly from Hongkong to the Pescadores and is nearly stationary at other reporting stations.

The northern depression has deepened and is passing into the Pacific. The southern depression has again weakened slightly. Another depression has formed over S.E. Mongolia.

Hongkong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 12 hours, June 24th, 4.09 inch. Total since January 1st, 50.14 inches, against an average of 52.27 inches.

The forecast for the 24 hours ending at 12 hours, June 25th is as follows:—

District		Forecast	
Hongkong to Gap Rock		S. winds, moderate, squally, generally overcast, occasional rain.	
Formosa Channel		do.	
South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamook		do.	
South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan		do.	

HONGKONG TIDE TABLE

From June 25th to July 1st, 1924.

Days of Week		High Water		Low Water	
		Time	Height	Time	Height
Wed.	25	h. m.	ft. in.	h. m.	ft. in.
Thurs.	26	5 50	4 7	10 45	3 4
Fri.	27	5 45	5 3	10 35	3 3
Satur.	28	5 42	5 6	10 30	3 2
Sun.	29	5 38	5 9	10 25	3 1
Mon.	30	5 35	5 12	10 20	3 0
Tues.	1	5 32	5 15	10 15	2 9

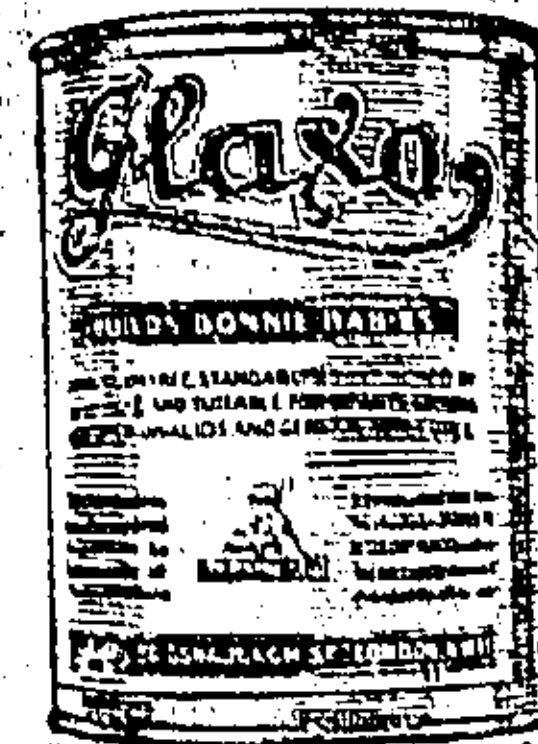
BOARD OF CONSERVANCY WORKS OF KWANGTUNG.

Waterlevels in English Feet at 10 A.M.

Place of Observation.	1924.		1923.	
	Highest W.L. ever recorded.	Lowest W.L. ever recorded.	W.L. June 25	W.L. June 30
Wuchow, W. River	+78.50	-2.42	—	—
Kongmoon, W. River	+14.70	-0.80	+8.9	+9.3
Linkongchow, N. River	+57.00	—	+23.0	+29.0
Shichow, N. River	+25.81	—	+7.7	+23.7
Samsui, N. River	+27.25	-5.00	+*162	—
Shaklung, E. River	+15.15	-0.38	+8.3	+8.4

* Rising.

Engineer-in-Chief.



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"SOUDAN"	9,698	9th July	Spain, Penang, Colombo & B'way.
"KARMALA"	9,098	12th July	Mars., L'don. & Antwerp.
"MALWA"	10,941	26th July	Spain, Penang, Colombo & B'way.
"JEYPORE"	9,318	29th July	Spain, Penang, Colombo & B'way.
"DEVANHA"	9,092	9th Aug.	Spain, Penang, Colombo & B'way.
"SICILIA"	9,613	22nd Aug.	Spain, Penang, Colombo & B'way.
"MASTUA"	10,902	23rd Aug.	Mars., L'don. & Antwerp.
"SARDINIA"	9,584	30th Aug.	Spain, Penang, Colombo & B'way.
"KALYAN"	9,118	4th Sept.	Mars., L'don. & Antwerp.
"KAISAR-I-HIND"	11,430	20th Sept.	do.
"KASHEMIR"	9,363	4th Oct.	do.
"MOOREA"	10,511	18th Oct.	do.
"KASHGAR"	9,548	1st Nov.	do.
"MALWA"	10,941	15th Nov.	do.
"KARMALA"	9,098	29th Nov.	do.
"MASTUA"	10,902	13th Dec.	do.
"KHIVA"	9,097	27th Dec.	do.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

"PALMA"	10,000	26th June, 1 p.m.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.
"JAPAN"	9,052	9th July	do.
"TANDA"	9,958	24th July	do.
"TAKADA"	9,949	10th Aug.	do.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

"ARAFURA"	9,010	2nd July	Madra, Sandakan, Thursday
"ST. ALBANS"	9,000	30th July	Ireland, Lowanna, Brisbane, Sydney & Melbourne.
"KASHEMIR"	9,363	4th Aug.	do.

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SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI AND JAPAN.

"MALWA"	10,941	26th June, 5 p.m.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
"JEYPORE"	9,318	1st July	Shanghai & Kobe.
"ST. ALBANS"	9,000	30th July	Moji & Kobe.
"TANDA"	9,958	24th July	Kobe.
"DEVANHA"	9,092	9th Aug.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
"MASTUA"	10,902	23rd July	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
"SICILIA"	9,613	22nd July	Shanghai.
"TAKADA"	9,949	10th Aug.	Kobe.
"KALYAN"	9,118	4th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
"KAISAR-I-HIND"	11,430	20th Sept.	Moji & Kobe.
"KASHEMIR"	9,363	4th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
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"KARMALA"	9,098	29th Nov.	do.
"MASTUA"	10,902	13th Dec.	Moji & Kobe.
"KHIVA"	9,097	27th Dec.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
"KALYAN"	9,118	4th Jan.	do.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.
WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.
Passengers for Rangoon must defray their own hotel expenses at Singapore while awaiting the on carrying steamer.
All cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge.
Parcels measuring not more than 2 1/2 ft. x 2 ft. x 1 ft. will be received at the Company's Office up to Noon on the day previous to sailing.
For further information, Passage Fares, Freight, Handbooks, etc., apply to—
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
22, Des Vaux Road Central, HONGKONG.

STRUTHERS & BARRY

OPERATING U.S. GOVERNMENT SHIPS.

EXPRESS FREIGHT SERVICE.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO AND LOS ANGELES!

FROM HONGKONG BY DIRECT ROUTE.

U.S.S. "WEST MONITOR" ... Due Hongkong 18th July.
U.S.S. "WEST MONITOR" ... Leave Hongkong 20th July.
U.S.S. "WEST CAJON" ... Due Hongkong 28th July.
U.S.S. "WEST CAJON" ... Leave Hongkong 31st July.

CARGO ACCEPTED FOR TRANSHIPMENT AT SAN FRANCISCO TO WEEKLY SAILINGS FOR ATLANTIC SEABOARD PORTS. THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED TO U.S. AND CANADIAN OVERLAND POINTS.

TO SAN FRANCISCO ONLY (BY DIRECT ROUTE)
U.S.S. "WEST IDLE" ... Due Hongkong 28th June.
U.S.S. "WEST IDLE" ... Leave Hongkong 30th June.

TO MANILA, CEBU AND ZAMBOANGA.
U.S.S. "WEST CAJON" ... Due Hongkong 28th June.
U.S.S. "WEST CAJON" ... Leave Hongkong 30th June.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED TO ALL PORTS NOT SERVED.
TO MANILA, ZAMBOANGA AND CEBU.
U.S.S. "WEST JESTER" ... Due Hongkong 14th July.
U.S.S. "WEST JESTER" ... Leave Hongkong 17th July.

For Full Information, APPLY TO **STRUTHERS AND BARRY.**
L. EVERETT, General Agent for JAPAN-CHINA-PHILIPPINES, INDO-CHINA-STRAITS & JAVA.
1st Floor, Queen's Building, Phone No. Central 3008.
G. P. BRADFORD, Res. Agent.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO. LIMITED.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS.

Ports	Steamers	Date of Departure
AMOI, SHANGHAI & NEWCHANG	"KICKIANG"	On 25th June, 4 p.m.
HOIHOW & BANGKOK	"CHENAN"	On 26th June, 10 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"SOOCHOW"	On 26th June, 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI	"WUHU"	On 27th June, D.L.
WAHAIWAI, CHEFOO & TIENSTIN	"KUEICHOW"	On 28th June, 4 p.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"SUICHOW"	On 28th June, 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO	"KANGCHOW"	On 28th June, 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI	"CHENGCHOW"	On 28th June, D.L.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KWANGTUNG"	On 1st July, 2 p.m.
SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"KIANGSU"	On 2nd July, 2 p.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"TAMING"	On 8th July, 10 a.m.
HOIHOW, BANGKOK & HAIPHONG	"KANGCHOW"	On 8th July, 2 p.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KANGCHOW"	On 8th July, 4 p.m.
WAHAIWAI, CHEFOO & TIENSTIN	"KANGCHOW"	On 8th July, 4 p.m.

SHANGHAI LINE—Excellent Saloon accommodation and ships, with Electric Fans fitted. Regular service four times weekly between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai, leaving Hongkong Saturdays (via Swatow and extending to Pakow), Tuesdays (via Amoy), Thursdays (via Swatow) and Saturdays (direct extending to Tientsin). Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and North China ports. Passengers for Shanghai do not require to tranship at Woosung.

BANGKOK LINE—Regular weekly service leaving Hongkong Tuesdays to and from Bangkok via Swatow maintained by new "K" class steamers, attractively fitted for passengers, with double and single berth cabins.

For Freight or Passage apply to— **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.**
Telephone Central 38.
CARGO AND PASSAGE CAN BE ISSUED AT THE OFFICE OF BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

AUSTRALIAN ORIENTAL LINE

HONGKONG TO PHILIPPINES AND AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Steamer	Arr. Hongkong from	Sails for
"KUT"	Australia	Kobe, Osaka, Yokohama & Moji.
"TATYUAN"	Australia	Leaves Hongkong for Manila, Sandakan, Thure, Ia. & Aus. Ports.
"TATYUAN"	Australia	10th July

This Steamer is fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of Ice Fresh Provisions, etc., and has superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-Rooms. A fully qualified Doctor is carried. Reduced Fares. Cargo booked through to all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports.
For freight and passage, apply to— **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.**
Telephone No. Central 38.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

NEW YORK BERTH.

FOR NEW YORK AND BOSTON VIA SUEZ.

S.S. "KENDAL CASTLE" ... Sails about 12th Aug.

LYDD TRIESTINO.

REGULAR MONTHLY PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE (FUMME).

TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING TO GENOA, ALL ITALIAN, ADEIATIC, LEVANT, BLACK SEA AND DANUBE PORTS.
REDUCED PASSAGE RATES TO BRINDISI, VENICE OR TRIESTE

£66.

NEXT SAILINGS.

OUTWARD FOR YOKOHAMA, KORE AND MOJI

S.S. "ROSANDRA" ... Sails about 4th July.
S.S. "BRENTA" ... Sails about 20th July.
S.S. "VENEZIA" ... Sails about 2nd August.
S.S. "LACONIA" ... Sails about 19th August.

HOMEWARD FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE.

S.S. "NIPPON" ... Sails about 8th July.
S.S. "SILVIO PELLICO" ... Sails about 29th July.
S.S. "GERANIA" ... Sails about 5th August.
S.S. "ROSANDRA" ... Sails about 8th August.
S.S. "BRENTA" ... Sails about 5th September.
S.S. "VENEZIA" ... Sails about 8th September.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

FROM CALCUTTA, COLOMBO TO SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

S.S. "UMZUMBI" ... Sails about 31st August.

Regular Passenger and Cargo Service to South African Ports.

Through Bills of Lading issued from Hongkong.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above Lines apply to—

DODWELL & CO., LIMITED,

Telephone Central 1030.

Agents.

Y. K. Yamashita Steamship & Mining Co., Ltd.

Steamship Owners, Shipping & Marine Insurance Broker.
Coalmine Owners, General Coal Merchant.

REGULAR FREIGHT & PASSENGER SERVICE
KEELUNG, HONGKONG, CANTON & HAIPHONG.

SAILING FROM HONGKONG.

For CANTON

For HAIPHONG via Hoihow & Pakhoi

"TAKWA MARU" ... On or about 27th June

For KEELUNG via Swatow & Amoy

"CHUKWA MARU" ... On or about 28th June

For further particulars, please apply to— **S. MITARAI, AGENT.**
Branch Office: No. 37, Nathan Street West.
Tel. Central No. 155.
Top Floor King's Building.
Tel. Central No. 140 & 4407.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

Attention is directed to the following notification issued by the U.S. Post Master General:—
"Merchandise may be sent to the U.S. in letter mail only, when such letter packets are endorsed by the sender. May be opened for Customs purposes before delivery to the addressee. Letters not so endorsed will be returned to the sender."

INWARD MAILS.

FROM	PER	DATE
SHANGHAI	Yingchow ...	25th June
SUEZ AND STRAITS	Titan ...	25th June
EUROPE via Suez (Letters and papers, London, 25th May, and parcels, 25th May)	Malina ...	25th June
SHANGHAI	Shantung ...	25th June
AUSTRALIA & MANILA	Kut ...	25th June
MANILA	Pres. Grant ...	30th June
JAPAN	Adelphi ...	30th June
MANILA	Emp. of Asia ...	30th July
STRAITS	Suez ...	1st July
JAPAN & SHANGHAI	Suez ...	1st July
U.S.A., CANADA, JAPAN AND SHANGHAI	Pres. Grant ...	4th July
U.S.A., HONOLULU, JAPAN AND SHANGHAI	Pres. Grant ...	5th July
JAPAN	Yokohama ...	15th July
AUSTRALIA & MANILA	Adelphi ...	16th July
U.S.A., HONOLULU, JAPAN AND SHANGHAI	Pres. Grant ...	22nd July

OUTWARD MAILS.

FOR	PER	DATE
Swatow	Wishing ...	Wednesday, 25th, 8.30 A.M.
Manila	Pres. Grant ...	8.30 A.M.
Swatow and Bangkok	Wishing ...	10.30 A.M.
JAVA via Surabaya	Wishing ...	10.30 A.M.
Saigon	Wishing ...	10.30 A.M.
Shanghai	Wishing ...	2.30 P.M.
Amoy	Wishing ...	3.30 P.M.
Swatow and Amoy	Wishing ...	4.30 P.M.
Fort Bayard	Wishing ...	4.30 P.M.
Hobow and Bangkok	Wishing ...	Thursday, 25th, 8.30 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa	Wishing ...	8.30 A.M.
Straits and Calcutta	Wishing ...	11.30 A.M.
Swatow	Wishing ...	2.00 P.M.
Manila	Wishing ...	3.30 P.M.
Shanghai and Japan	Wishing ...	3.30 P.M.
Shanghai, Japan, Honolulu, Canada, U.S.A., Central & South America, and EUROPE via San Francisco, due San Francisco, 23rd July	Shimo Maru ...	Friday, 27th, 9.45 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Fochow	Hui Ning ...	10.30 A.M.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. and S. Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles—due Marseilles, July 26th	Mare ...	Saturday, 27th, 5.00 P.M.
Hobow and Haiphong	Wishing ...	9.45 A.M.
Manila	Wishing ...	10.00 A.M.
Wei Hai Wei	Wishing ...	2.30 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa	Kai Maru ...	Sunday, 29th, 9.00 A.M.
Straits	Wishing ...	Monday, 30th, 2.30 P.M.
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., Central & South America, and EUROPE via VICTORIA, due Victoria, B.C., 21st July	Pres. Grant ...	Wednesday, 2nd July, 8.00 A.M.
Manila, Sandakan, Australia & New Zealand via Thursday Island—due Thursday Island, 15th July	Arufuru ...	Wednesday, 2nd July, 9.00 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Fochow	Wishing ...	Tuesday, 1st, 9.00 A.M.
Shanghai and Japan	Hakow Maru ...	9.00 A.M.
Straits and Calcutta	Kut ...	9.00 A.M.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. and S. Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles—due Marseilles, 3rd Aug.	Wishing ...	Wednesday, 2nd, 8.45 A.M.
Singapore	Wishing ...	Noon

*Correspondence bearing vessel's name only.

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE

REGULAR AND FAST FREIGHT AND PASSENGER SERVICES.

LONDON SERVICE (DIRECT).

LYCAON ... 30th JUNE	London, Hull, Rotterdam & Hamburg
PHENIX ... 7th JULY	London, Rotterdam & Hamburg
ANCHISES ... 14th JULY	Marseilles, London & Rotterdam
RHEXENOR ... 25th JULY	London, Hull, Rotterdam & Hamburg

LIVERPOOL SERVICE (DIRECT OR VIA CONTINENTAL PORTS).

DEMODOCUS ... 1st JULY	Marseilles, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow
TYNDAREUS ... 18th JULY	Genoa, Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow
TELAMON ... 1st AUG.	Marseilles, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow

PACIFIC SERVICE (VIA KOBE AND YOKOHAMA).

PHILOCTETES ... 8th JULY	Victoria, Seattle & Vancouver
TALHYBIUS ... 2nd AUG.	Victoria, Seattle & Vancouver

NEW YORK SERVICE (VIA SUEZ OR PANAMA).

CYCLOPS ... 11th JULY	Boston & New York (via Suez)
TITAN ... 31st JULY	Boston & New York (via Suez)
BELLEROPHON ... 21st AUG.	Boston & New York (via Suez)

PASSENGER SERVICE

TEIRESIAS ... 9th JULY	Shanghai
ANCHISES ... 14th JULY	Singapore, Marseilles & London
TEIRESIAS ... 11th AUG.	Singapore, Marseilles & London
SARPEDON ... 9th SEPT.	Singapore, Marseilles & London
PATROCLUS ... 21st OCT.	Singapore, Marseilles & London
MENTOR ... 17th NOV.	Singapore, Marseilles & London

FOR FREIGHT, PASSAGE RATES AND ALL INFORMATION, APPLY TO BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, AGENTS.

COMMERCIAL. OPENING QUOTATIONS.

June 24th, 1924.

ON LONDON—	Telegraphic Transfer ... 2/4 1/2
Bank Bills, on demand ... 2/4 1/2	
Bank Bills, at 30 days sight ... 2/4 1/2	
Bank Bills, at 4 months sight ... 2/4 1/2	
Credits, at 4 months sight ... 2/4 1/2	
Documentary Bills, 4 months sight ... 2/4 1/2	
ON PARIS—	Bank Bills, on demand ... 7 1/2
Credits, 4 months sight ... 10 1/2	
ON NEW YORK—	Bank Bills, on demand ... 52 1/2
Credits, at 30 days sight ... 53 1/2	
ON BOMBAY—	Telegraphic Transfer ... 16 1/2
Bank Bills, on demand ... 16 1/2	
ON CALCUTTA—	Telegraphic Transfer ... 16 1/2
Bank Bills, on demand ... 16 1/2	
ON SHANGHAI—	Bank Bills, at sight ... 100
Private, 30 days sight ... 100 1/2	
ON YOKOHAMA—	On demand ... 104 1/2
ON HANKOW—	On demand ... 102 1/2
ON BATAVIA—	On demand ... 141 1/2
ON HAIPHONG—	On demand ... 141 1/2
ON SAIGON—	On demand ... 141 1/2
ON BANGKOK—	On demand ... 7 1/2
SOVEREIGN, Bank's Buying rate ... 11 1/2	
GOLD LRAI, 100 fine, per tael ... 49 1/2	
BANK SILVER, per oz ... 34 1/2	

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Head Office: Hongkong.

Authorized Capital ...	\$50,000,000
Issued and Fully Paid-up ...	\$30,000,000
Reserve Funds—	
Sterling ...	£4,500,000
Silver ...	\$25,500,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ...	\$20,000,000

Court of Directors:

W. L. PATTERSON, Esq., Chairman	
H. P. White, Esq., Deputy Chairman	
B. D. P. Bath, Esq.	J. A. Flannery, Esq.
A. H. Gumpert, Esq.	J. P. Warren, Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoake	N. L. Watson, Esq.
A. O. Lang, Esq.	G. M. Young, Esq.

Chief Manager:

A. G. STEPHEN, Esq.

Manager: Hongkong—A. H. BARLOW, Esq.
Manager: Shanghai—G. H. SMITH, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS:

WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened in LOCAL CURRENCY and FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year or shorter periods in Local Currency and Sterling on terms which will be quoted on application.
Hongkong, 7th May, 1924. [27]

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.

INTEREST on Deposits is allowed on the Minimum Monthly Balances at 3 1/2 per cent. per annum.

For the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
A. H. BARLOW, Acting Chief Manager.
Hongkong, 5th May, 1924. [28]

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

HEAD OFFICE—LONDON.

Paid-up Capital ...	£3,000,000
Reserve Fund ...	£3,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ...	£3,000,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking Business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

A. H. FERGUSON, Manager.

Hongkong, April 26th, 1924. [31]

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LIMITED.

(TAIWAN GISEN).

Incorporated by Special Imperial Charter, 1895.

Capital Subscribed ...	Yen 60,000,000
Capital (Paid-up) ...	Yen 25,000,000
Reserve Fund ...	Yen 15,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—TAIPEI, FORMOSA.

BRANCHES: JAPAN—Tokyo, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Moji.

FORMOSA—Gilan, Kagi, Karsen, Keelung, Mookang, Naito, Pidan, Shichien, Taichu, Tainan, Takow, Tamsui, Tientsin, Aka.

CHINA—Shanghai, Hankow, Kinkiang, Amoy, Fochow, Swatow, Canton, Others—Hongkong, Bangkok, Singapore, Borneo, Samarang, Batavia, Bombay, London, New York.

LONDON BANKERS:

LONDON COUNTRIES WESTMINSTER AND FARE'S BANK.

The Bank has Correspondents in Commercial Centres in the European Continent, Russia, Manchuria, Tientsin, Japan, Indo-China, Siam, India, Philippine Islands, Java and other Dutch India, Australia, America, &c.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits at rates which will be quoted on application.

S. KONDOH, Manager.

HONGKONG BRANCH, 4, Des Voeux Road, Hongkong, 16th September, 1922.



THACKERAY KNEW!

IN "THE VIRGINIANS" HE WROTE—

"There's no sweeter Tobacco comes from Virginia and no better brand than the 'Three Castles'"

"Three Castles"
The Cigarette with the Pedigree



Sold by all High-Class Tobacconists.

This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Co. (China) Ltd.

A-33

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:

15, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C. 3.

Authorized Capital ...	£3,000,000
Subscribed Capital ...	£1,000,000
Paid-up Capital ...	£1,000,000
Reserve Fund ...	£1,250,000

BANKERS:

THE BANK OF ENGLAND and MIDLAND BANK, LTD.

BRANCHES:

Bangkok, Calcutta, Kuala Lumpur, Rangoon, Batavia, Hongkong, Madras, Shanghai, Bombay, Hongkong, New York, Siam, Calcutta, Kandy, Penang, Singapore, Colombo, Karachi, Port Louis, Sourabaya, Delhi, Kota Bharu (Malay).

HONGKONG BRANCH: Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 3 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances and on Fixed Deposits at Rates that may be ascertained on application.

N. C. WILSON, Manager.

7, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, February 11th, 1924. [30]

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE, PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE: 89 Boulevard Haussmann, Paris.

Subscribed Capital ...	Fr. 72,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital ...	Fr. 38,400,000.00
Reserve Fund ...	Fr. 68,667,283.54

BRANCHES:

Bangkok, Hongkong, Saigon, Batavia, Mengtze, Shanghai, Canton, Nankai, Singapore, Djibouti, Papeete, Tientsin, Haiphong, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Pnom Penh, Yunnan, Hanoi, Pondicherry.

BANKERS:

IN FRANCE: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.

IN LONDON: The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

IN NEW YORK: J. P. Morgan and Co. French-American Banking Corporation; Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

A. LECOT, Manager.

Hongkong, 26th March, 1924. [32]

THE BANK OF EAST ASIA, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE: No. 10, Des Voeux Road Central, HONGKONG.

Established 1919.

Authorized Capital ...	\$10,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital ...	\$3,000,000.00
Reserve Fund ...	\$700,000.00

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Loans granted on approved securities.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at the rate of Two per cent. per annum on Savings Accounts Four per cent. per annum, and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates—

For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent.

For 6 " " " " " "

For 12 " " " " " "

"KAN TONG PO, Chief Manager.

Hongkong, March 15th, 1924. [34]

INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL BANK, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE: York Building, Chater Road, Hongkong.

BRANCHES:

Shanghai—31, Kiangsoo Road.

Hankow—British Consulate.

CORRESPONDENTS IN London, New York, Chicago, San Francisco, Vancouver, B.O., Honolulu, Singapore, Penang, Tientsin, Swatow, Macao, Canton and all Commercial centres of China and abroad.

PROMPT SERVICE.

Attractive Rates for all kinds of Deposits Enquiries are welcomed.

T. H. MAI, Manager.

1922.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Capital (fully paid-up) ... Yen 100,000,000

Reserve Fund ... Yen 72,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:

Batavia, Kobe, Soerabaya, Bombay, London, Rangoon, Buenos Ayres, Lyons, San Francisco, Calcutta, Los Angeles, Seattle, Shanghai, Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Dairen (Dairen), Nagasaki, Shimonoseki, Fungien, Nagoya, Sydney, (Makden), Newchwang, Tientsin, Hankow, New York, Tokyo, Harbin, Peking, Yankin, Honolulu, Rio de Janeiro, Vladivostok, Kai Yuen.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts. Deposits received for Fixed Periods at Rates to be obtained on application.

T. NISHIYAMA, Manager.

Hongkong, 17th Sept., 1923. [33]

NEDERLANDSCHE HANDEL MAATSCHAPPIJ.

[Netherlands Trading Society.] BANK.

Established 1824.

Har. kong Branch established 1906.

Authorized Capital ... 150,000,000

Paid-up Capital ... 80,000,000

Reserve Fund ... 19,769,180

Special Reserves ... 22,890,000

Head Office—AMSTERDAM.

Eastern Head Office—BATAVIA.

BRANCHES—Bandjermasin, Bandoeng, Bombay, Calcutta, Cherbon, Djember, Djokjardjara, The Hague, Kote, Kote, Radja, Makassar, Medan, Padang, Palembang, Pecalongan, Penang, Pontianak, Rangoon, Rotterdam, Samarang, Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaya, Soerakarta (Solo), Tegal, Tjilatjap and Weltevreden.

LONDON BANKERS—THE NATIONAL PROVINCIAL AND UNION BANK OF ENGLAND, LTD.

Correspondents all over the World.

BANKING BUSINESS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

J. J. STAARBAARD, Acting Agent.

THE BANK OF CHINA.

行銀國中

(Specially authorized by Presidential Mandate of the Republic of China on the 22nd of November, 1917.)

Authorized Capital ... \$60,000,000.00

Paid-up Capital ... 18,273,600.00

Reserve Funds ... 9,639,425.24

HEAD OFFICE—PEKING.

HONGKONG BRANCH—4, Queen's Road Central, Enquiries and Sub-branches: All over China, and Correspondents in Europe, America, and other parts of the world.

LONDON BANKERS—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd. The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

NEW YORK BANKERS—The Irving National Bank, The Equitable Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits. Terms on application.

Every description of Banking Business transacted.

Loans granted on Approved Securities. Special facilities for Home Exchange.

BRUCE FET, Manager.

Hongkong, September 8th, 1921. [33]

Printed and Published by BENJAMIN AUGUSTUS HALL, for the HONGKONG DAILY PRESS, Ltd., at Chater Road, Victoria, Hongkong. London Office: 131, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.